

A CASE STUDY ON THE SPARE PARTS  
REQUIREMENT FOR A 55,500 DWT  
GEARED BULK CARRIER

By

Mr Lampros Valiazis

Student number: MN10010



**University of  
Piraeus**

Department of Maritime Study

Degree of Masters of Maritime Study

Dissertation

Supervisor: V. Tselentis

16<sup>th</sup> September 2012

ΠΑΝΕΠΙΣΤΗΜΙΟ ΠΕΡΠΑ

This dissertation is dedicated to my  
parents, Filippos and Anneta, for supporting  
and encouraging all my sea dreams.

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### **ABSTRACT**

The purpose of this piece of work is to determine the economical requirements of a certain type vessel; trading at a certain route, under certain market environment and based on a certain Technical Management Company. Moreover, at the same time, our aim is to focus on what the key factors are and in what ways they are able to have an effect on the demand and supply of the market. In addition, with the view to achieving a perfect understanding of the role that each factor plays in the Technical Department, we use one model ship (Ultra-Handymax 55,426 DWT) and we are making an attempt to calculate the spare parts running costs for a 5 year interval. Of course, such an effort involves the collection of proper data which will determine the whole procedure leading us to the desirable result. In some cases, a Shipping Company may be obliged to follow certain regulations in order to succeed in reaching the actual target.

### **AUTHOR'S DECLARATION**

I declare that all of my work that has been carried out in this Dissertation is my own original work. In areas where it has been necessary to use author's works it has been clearly quoted.

I further declare that this Dissertation will be submitted only for Masters of Maritime Study.

Signed \_\_\_\_\_

Lampros Valiazis

### **ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS**

I would like to express my deepest thanks to the "THENAMARIS" SHIPPING COMPANY, because they gave me the permission to have access to their software programs using all the appropriate data and information.

Furthermore, I have to thank my supervisor V. Tselentis for giving me the opportunity to complete my Final Project.

Finally, I would like to thank Mr Tasso Sotiriou for advising me in this Dissertation.

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## **GLOSSARY OF SHIPPING INDUSTRY TERMS**

Following are definitions of shipping terms used in this dissertation

- **Handymax** – A dry bulk carrier of approximately 40,000 dwt to 60,000dwt.
- **Bulk Carriers** – Vessels which are primary designed and built to carry large volumes of cargo on a bulk cargo form.
- **Bulk** – Unpackaged homogeneous cargo poured loose in the hold of a vessel.
- **Dry bulk** – Non-liquid cargoes of commodities shipped in an unpackaged state.
- **Dry docking** – The removal of a vessel from water for inspection, painting and-or repair of submerged parts.
- **Dwt** – A deadweight ton, which is a unit of a vessel capacity for cargo , fuel oil, stores, and crew, measured in metric tons of 1,000 kilograms. A vessel's dwt or total deadweight is the total weight the vessel can carry when loaded in a particular load line.
- **Lwt** – Lightweight tonnage, is used to measure the scrap metal content of a ship's hull, machinery and fittings destined to be scrapped.
- **Gross Ton** – Unit of 100 cubic feet or 2,831 cubic meters used in arriving at the calculation of gross tonnage.
- **Hull** – The shell or body of a vessel.
- **Newbuilding** – A new vessel under construction or just completed.
- **Classification Society** – An independent organization which certifies that a vessel has been built and maintained in accordance with the rules of such organization and complies with the applicable rules and regulations of such vessel and the international conventions of which that country is a member.
- **Annual Survey** – The inspection of a vessel by a classification society, on behalf of a flag state that takes place every year.
- **Intermediate Survey** – The inspection of a vessel by a classification society surveyor which takes place between two and three years before and after each special survey for such vessel pursuant to the rules of international convention and classification societies.
- **Special Survey** – The inspection of a vessel by a Classification Society surveyor which takes place a minimum of every four and a maximum of every five years, and is obligatory to maintain vessel's Class Status.

## **CHAPTER No 1**

### **Introduction**

Bulk carriers, container vessels and tankers are the three largest groups of vessels. The bulk carrier market therefore is very attractive, which has caused a boost in new buildings. Of a total world merchant fleet of some 700,000,000 dead weight tons, about 215,000,000 tons dead weight is represented by the dry bulk and combination carrier fleet.

The term "bulk" is used to describe commodities such as oil, grain, iron ore, and coal whose homogeneous physical characteristics lead itself to bulk handling and transport.

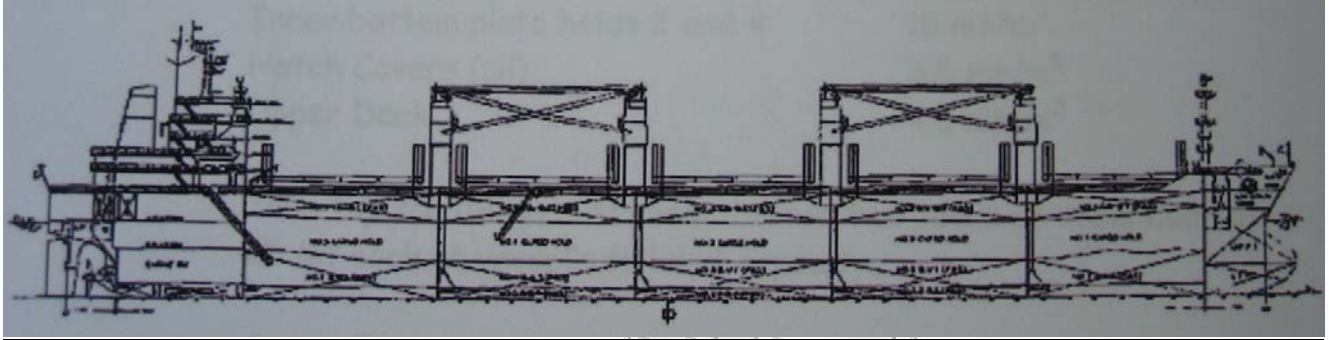
This dissertation is going to focus on the spare parts needed for the specified interval of one specific geared bulk-carrier. Moreover, the discussion includes:

- Vessel definition – including Main Engine, Diesel Generators.
- Trade definition – Ports and Chartering
- Spare parts – Named all spare parts on the Main Engine, Diesel Generators, Emergency diesel generator, Various Machinery, Various Pumps and finally the Navigation-Communication Equipment, etc.
- Working PCS/SET – We calculate how many machinery pieces are working on its machinery part.
- We calculate the necessary replacement percentage at every overhauling and therefore the total pieces needed for a 5-year interval.
- We state the maker's price per machinery unit and we put one risk on our calculation about the cheapest suppliers' provision, based on information given with the courtesy of managers.
- Overhauling intervals - of the Main Engine, Diesel Generator and rest equipment, associated with overhauling hours.

- Replacement intervals - associated with the percentage derived from a statistical questionnaire on 7 active experienced Superintendent Engineers and Chief Engineers.
- Associated costs - We explain why the cheapest and most expensive suppliers were selected. Also, we define the cheapest and most expensive spare parts.

Moreover, detailed calculations for each option must be under consideration for the projected market achievement under the best choice of parts according to the Service Letters of the manufacturing companies (e.g. Man B&W). Further details concerning every calculation will be provided in the next corresponding chapters.

The information and data on this dissertation have been provided by the Service Letters, the average estimation by the 7 questionnaires and the global market prices per unit according to the dynamically updated files of a Shipping Company. Finally, we use some specific software systems to estimate the right position (arrival date-time / sailed date) at sea of the examined ship, according to how it will cost to the ship-owner concerning the forwarding machinery parts of the vessel.

**CHAPTER No 2****Scope of Study**  
**(DEFINITIONS, ASSUMPTIONS, LIMITATIONS)****Vessel definition****M/V SEABOSS**

(Fig. No 1, Sheer Plan of Vessel M/V SEABOSS, 2004)

**PARTICULARS OF M/V SEABOSS**

<b><u>YEAR BUILDING</u></b>	:	2004 HUDONG HEAVY MACHINERY SHANGHAI / CHINA
<b><u>CLASS</u></b>	:	DNV
<b><u>FLAG</u></b>	:	MALTA

**PRINCIPAL DIMENSIONS**

<b><u>L.O.A</u></b>	:	189.9 M (LENGTH OVERALL)
<b><u>L.B.P</u></b>	:	185.5 M (LENGTH BETWEEN PERPENDICULARS)
<b><u>B.M</u></b>	:	32.26 M (BREADTH MOULED)
<b><u>D.M</u></b>	:	17.80 M (DEPTH MOULED)

**LOADING CAPACITY**

<b><u>D.W.T</u></b>	:	55,426 MT
<b><u>L.S.</u></b>	:	9,500 MT (LIGHT SHIP)
<b><u>G.T</u></b>	:	30,936 (GROSS TONNAGE)
<b><u>N.T</u></b>	:	18,158 (NET TONNAGE)
<b><u>No. OF CARGO HOLDS</u></b>	:	5
<b><u>No OF HATCHES</u></b>	:	5
<b><u>TYPE OF HATCH COVER</u></b>	:	FOLDING
<b><u>CARGO HOLD (GRAIN)</u></b>	:	ABT. 69,970 M <sup>3</sup>
<b><u>CARGO HOLD(BAIL)</u></b>	:	ABT. 67,680 M <sup>3</sup>
<b><u>FUEL OIL TANK</u></b>	:	ABT. 2,470 M <sup>3</sup>
<b><u>DIESEL OIL TANK</u></b>	:	ABT. 193 M <sup>3</sup>
<b><u>FRESH WATER</u></b>	:	ABT. 395 M <sup>3</sup>
<b><u>WATER BALLAST TANK</u></b>	:	ABT. 29,100 M <sup>3</sup>

**STRENGTHS**

<b><u>INNER BOTTOM PLATE HOLDS 1,3 &amp;5</u></b>	:	25 MT/M <sup>2</sup>
<b><u>INNER BOTTOM PLATE HOLDS 2 &amp;4</u></b>	:	19 MT/M <sup>2</sup>
<b><u>HATCH COVERS</u></b>	:	3.6 MT/M <sup>2</sup>
<b><u>UPPER DECK</u></b>	:	4.7 MT/M <sup>2</sup>

**CARGO HANDING GEAR**

FOUR (4) OF SINGLE JIP ELECTRO-HYDRAULIC DRIVEN FIXED DECK CRANES.

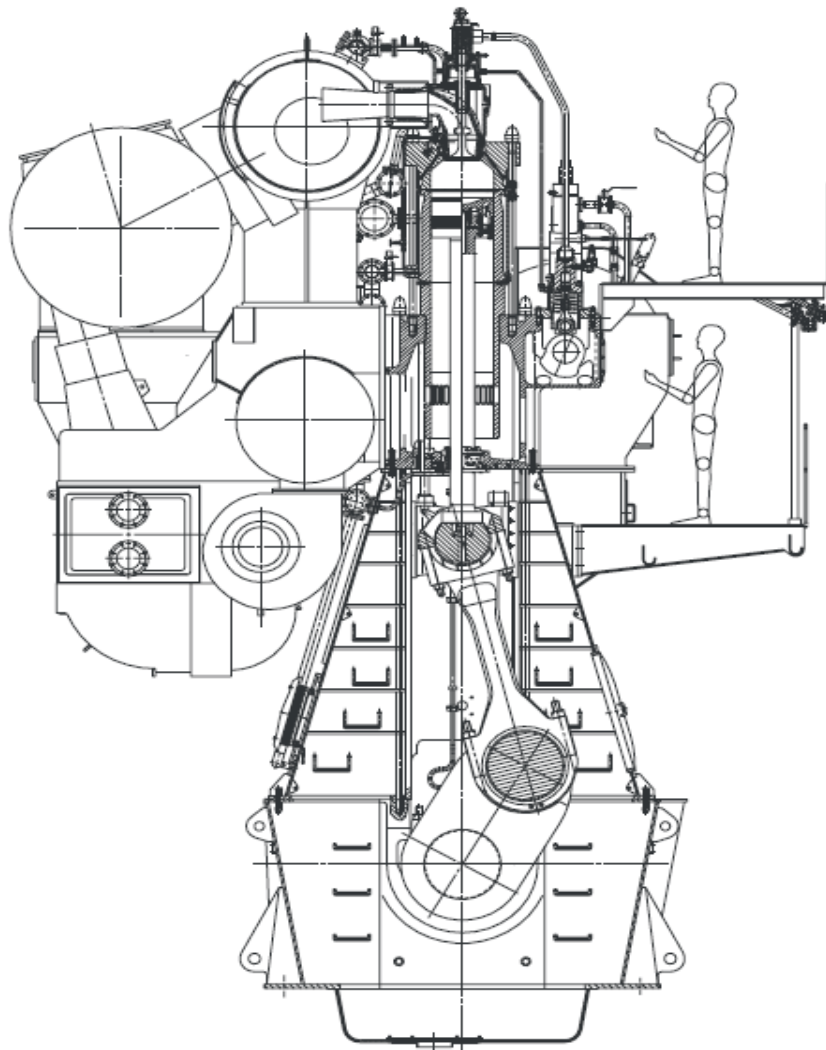
CAPACITY 4 X 30 OR TONS S.W.L. X 22 OR 24 M WORKING RADIUS, HOISTING

SPEED: ABT. 20 M/MIN.

CRANES ARE FITTED BETWEEN HOLDS, 1&2, 2&3, 3&4, 4&5.

**MAIN ENGINE**

<b><u>TYPE</u></b>	:	MAN B & W , 6S50MC-C, VERTICAL, 2-STROKE, SINGLE ACTION, REVERSIBLE CONSTANT, PRESSURE TURBOCHARGED MARINE DIESEL ENGINE.
<b><u>SET</u></b>	:	1
<b><u>RPM</u></b>	:	110
<b><u>B.H.P</u></b>	:	10,996
<b><u>T/C</u></b>	:	TYPE ABB TPL 77-B11
<b><u>FUEL</u></b>	:	M/E CAN OPERATE WITH HEAVY FUEL OIL WITH VISCOSITY UP TO 6,000SEC. RWI 100 FAR.DEGR. AND GRAVITY LES THAN OR EQUAL TO 0.991.



(Fig. No 2, MAN B & W, 6S50MC-C, VERTICAL, 2-STROKE, SINGLE ACTION, Ref. [16])

### DIESEL GENERATORS

<u>TYPE</u>	:	YANMAR 6N21LUV
<u>B.H.P</u>	:	896
<u>R.P.M</u>	:	720
<u>KW</u>	:	600
<u>FUEL</u>	:	CAN BE OPERATED WITH HEAVY FUEL OIL WITH VISCOSITY UP TO 6,000SEC RWI 100 FAR. DEGR.

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AND SPECIFIC GRAVITY LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO 0.991 AT NORMAL LOAD CONDITION, M.D.O AT START, STOP AND LOW LOAD CONDITION.

<b><u>SET</u></b>	:	3
<b><u>VOLT</u></b>	:	440/220
<b><u>HZ</u></b>	:	60
<b><u>T/C</u></b>	:	TYPE I.H.I RH 143/163 ( VER Y )

**EMERGENCY DIESEL GENERATOR**

DIESEL OIL BURNING DIESEL FOUR STROKE ENGINE DRIVEN

<b><u>SET</u></b>	:	1
<b><u>A/C</u></b>	:	450V
<b><u>HZ</u></b>	:	60, 3-PH BRUSHLESS

**PROPELLER**

PROPELLER SOLID BLADED KEYLESS TYPE , ALUMINIUM BRONZE  
5-BLADE PROPELLER



(Photo No 1, Vessel M/V SEABOSS, Anchorage of Singapore 2007, Ref. [17])



### Trade definition

Major bulk commodities consist of coal, iron ore and grain, while minor bulk commodities include steel products, forest products, agricultural products, bauxite and alumina, phosphates, petcock, cement, sugar, salt, minerals, scrap metal and pig iron.

This vessel (M/V SEABOSS) is fitted with five cargo holds and five hatches and retains a high degree of trading flexibility as their cargo enables them to load and / or discharge at ports with limited facilities. This bulk carrier generally trades in both short – haul and long – haul routes across various geographies. The decisive factor in whether a ship trades over a short or long distance is the type of commodity carried. Typically, low value raw materials are seldom carried over long distances by this type of vessel (Handymax), while high-value commodities are transported in a shorter distance by smaller categories like Handysize.



(Photo No 2, Vessel M/V SEABOSS, Discharging Port of Villanueva 2012, Ref. [17])

Major bulk commodities (i.e. coal, iron ore, and grain) are accounted for approximately 64% of the dry bulk carrier trade by volume, based on the vessel cargo carrying capacity in 2005.

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The relative significance of the major bulks has risen substantially since the mid-1990s, when they collectively accounted for 56% of the total seaborne dry bulk trade. Minor bulk commodities accounted for approximately 40% of the dry carrier trade by volume based on vessel cargo carrying capacity in 2004; with Handymax dry bulk carriers handling approximately 80% of this trade.

By using the specific software program from the Shipping Company, we can observe the last 4 months trade definitions, plus the duration of the importation and exportation in the port.

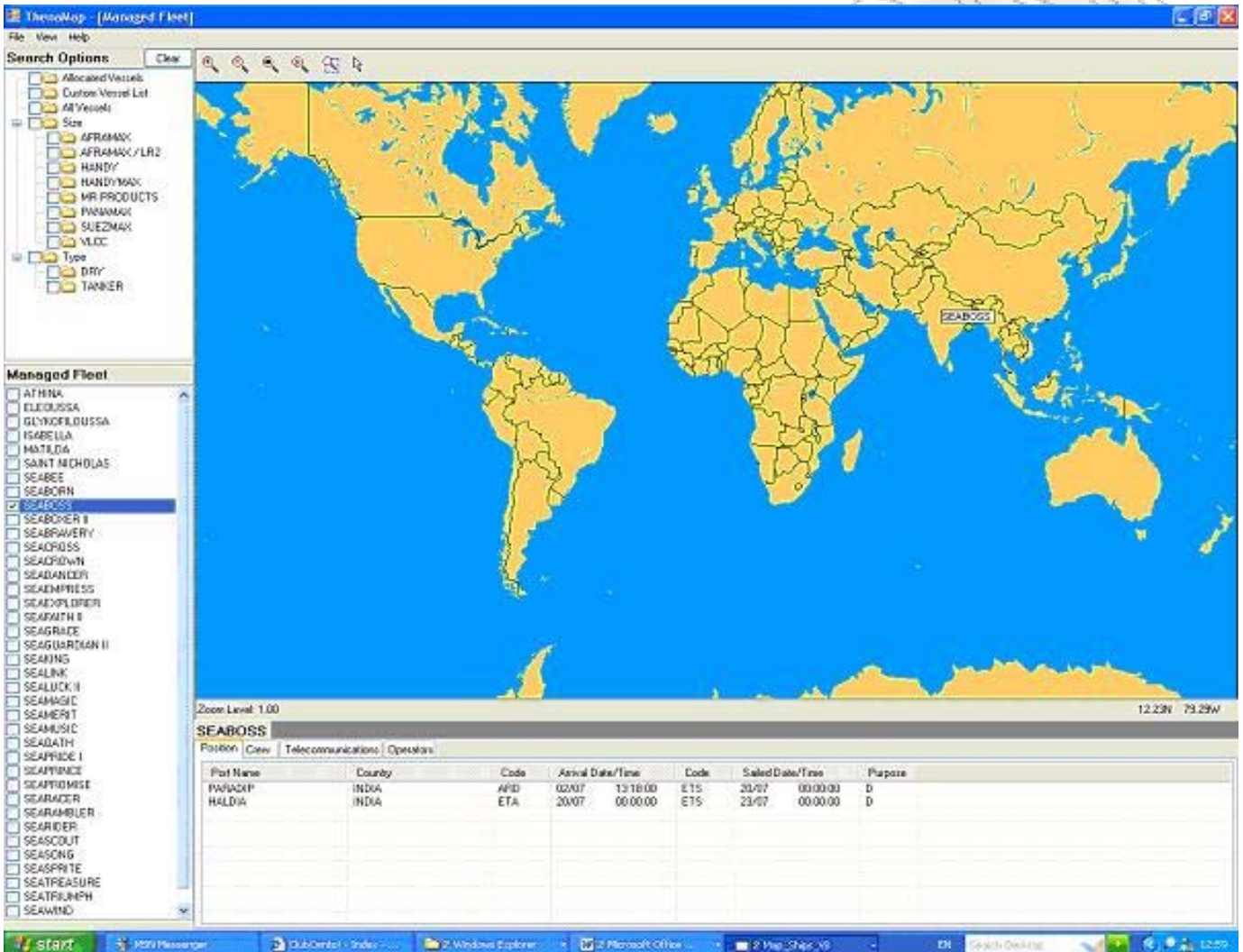
THE NAHARIS INC.		DURATION IN PORT		DATE: 05/07	
--TECHNICAL DEPT		01/04	-	05/07	PAGE 1
PORT	VOY	ARRIVED	FULL AWAY	PUB	DURATION
VESSEL: WD - SEABOSS					
TOYOHASHI	06/13	TCLP ARD 02/04	2340 SLD 05/04	1652 D	2 17 12
YOKKAICHI	06/13	TCLP ARD 05/04	2015 SLD 06/04	2048 D	1 33
JOBONG ANCH.	06/13	TCLP ARD 14/04	1710 SLD 19/04	1430 L	4 21 12
VILLAMUEVA	06/13	TCLP ARD 23/04	0300 SLD 26/04	0800 D	3 5
TANJUNG BARR	06/13	TCLP ARD 28/04	1100 SLD 30/04	2100 L	2 10
AMAHAPARE	06/13	TCLP ARD 05/05	0130 SLD 15/05	1224 D	10 10 54
TANJUNG BARR	06/13	TCLP ARD 19/05	0710 SLD 22/05	0430 L	2 21 12
BALIKPAPAN	06/13	TCLP ARD 22/05	1642 SLD 23/05	0248 B	10 6
AMAHAPARE	06/13	TCLP ARD 27/05	1330 SLD 04/06	1700 D	8 3 30
HAY POINT	06/13	TCLP ARD 09/06	0010 SLD 16/06	2100 L	7 20 42
SINGAPORE	06/13	TCLP ARD 27/06	0854 SLD 27/06	1812 B	9 18
PARADIP	06/13	TCLP ARD 02/07	1310 ETS 20/07	0000 D	17 10 42
TOTAL RECORDS:				12	
TOTAL DURATION (EXC. OFF-HIRE & TRANSFER):				61 20 21	
Total lines 25 recsiz=100					

(Fig. No 3, Duration in Ports by "CRT" Program, Ref. [17])

As we can see from the above screen, the average days between arrivals and departures are 3-5 days. Moreover, we can observe the duration of staying at each port on the right hand side. This information is rather useful for spare parts supply needs. For more details, we can see the Position List by "CRT" Program, *Appendix No 9*.

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Therefore, we are informed at anytime about the specific vessel position and the history voyage plan, due to the arrangement for sending any spare parts items to our vessel in emergency situations because of a machinery fault or machinery breakdown.



(Fig. No 4, Vessel Positions on the Global Map by "ThenaMap" Program, Ref. [17])

We can observe at this point on the global map (Figure No 4) where the vessel line is. In this specific program, we are informed about the position, the crew, the telecommunication and the operators of each vessel of the Shipping Company. Therefore, our examined vessel (M/V SEABOSS), is in Paradip port and goes to Haldia port (India) where the arrival date/time is 23/07/2012 and 00:00

**Spare parts market definition**

We will try to discuss the total procedure of order and delivery of the spare parts from the supplier to the vessel.

The order of spare parts follows this procedure:

As usual, we order spare parts on the vessel using the form of "Spare Parts Requisition" which an A' Engineer and a Lieutenant have to fill out according to their own supervision.

Below we can observe a completed form (Spare Parts Requisition).

**THENAMARIS**  
SHIPS MANAGEMENT  
**PURCH. DEPT.**

**SPARE PARTS REQUISITION**

URGENT

**M/V:** SEABOSS      **DATE:** 09/07

**FOR UNIT:** MAIN ENGINE    **MAKER:** HIRM-MAN B&W    **TYPE:** 6550MC-C    **SERIAL No:** 01261A

**IN ACCORDANCE TO DRAWING/PLATE No:**      **INSTRUCTION BOOK No:** Engine Master File

CODE NO.	QUANTITY	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION AND TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION	QUANTITY REQUIRED			PIECES OR SETS
				WORKING	NEW/SECOND	REQUIRED	
			<b>*** FUEL PUMP ***</b>				
1	1	233	SEALING RING	0	NIL	12	PCS
2	1	245	BACK UP RING	0	NIL	12	PCS
3	1	241	SEALING RING	0	NIL	12	PCS
4	1	827	SEALING RING	0	NIL	12	PCS
5	1	061	PACKING	12	NIL	12	PCS

**TECHN. DEPT.**

**IMPORTANT NOTE:** Please submit two copies of this form to THENAMARIS (SHIPS MANAGEMENT) and TECHNICAL DEPARTMENT retaining the third copy on board the vessel in your REQUISITION LIST OPEN FILE. Use separate SPARE PARTS REQUISITION form for each machine's spaces.

**RUNNING CAPITALISED CLAIM**      **SUPPLIERS FOR ALL ITEMS**      **REQUISITION DATE:** 11/01/07  
**REQUISITION No:**      **REQUISITION ORIGIN:** N. S. Pascual

**NATHANIEL S. PASCUAL**  
CHIEF ENGINEER

(Fig. No 6, Spare Parts Requisition from the Purch. Dept., App. [8])

The "SPARE PARTS REQUISITION" for the supply of spare parts is submitted in triplicate by the Chief Engineers of the Shipping Company. For a more analytical observation we can see the *Appendix No 8*. The original and one copy of it (white page) are sent to the Office, while the other copy (red page) is kept in the vessel's file.

This form includes all necessary information about the requisition of spares and if all columns are properly filled out, the supply of spare parts will be the natural outcome. The headings in the requisition form require the Chief Engineer to give the "NAME OF THE VESSEL", the "DATE" of application, the "UNIT" (for example Main Engine etc.), the "MAKER", the "SERIAL No" of the unit, the "DRAWING No", where the spare part is mentioned, and the book identification where the part number was obtained. In the column "CODE No" the seven-digit code numbers of the required item from the computerized stock list are entered, if any.

Additional columns include the "ITEM No" (i.e. 1,2, etc.) the "PART No" according to the drawing, the "DESCRIPTION", the "WORKING" column with the number of pieces or sets of the part working onboard, the "ON BOARD NEW/RECORD" with the number of pieces or sets of the required part existing onboard new or reconditioned (i.e. 5/3 that means 5 New and 3 Re-conditioned) and "REQUIRED" with the number of pieces or sets required for the future use.

Once the requisition is received in the Headquarters, all written particulars are checked for their correctness (including the code number of each requisition) and then it is submitted to the Purchasing Department for the quotations (i.e. Prices from the various manufacturers or suppliers). For a more analytical observation we can see the *Fig. No 10* or *the Appendix No 8*.

The Purchasing Department requests suppliers / makers for the availability of the spares, their prices and delivery time for comparison. Once a decision is reached, a "PURCHASE ORDER" is issued with the quantity of the ordered parts and the anticipated delivery time (we can observe the *Fig. No 7*). Three copies of this Purchase Order (P.O.) are sent onboard.

We have to keep in mind that a requisition, from the date received by the Company to the date that spares will be received onboard via normal transportation (i.e. by sea or land), requires at least four to six weeks under the best circumstances. Always we prepare the Spare Parts Requisition beforehand, in order to allow ample time until delivery onboard.

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\*\*\*\*\*  
 TENTATIVE QUANTITIES TO BE MAILED TO DEPART. CO. 7 SPARKS DEPT. PAGE \*\*\*\*\*  
 \*\*\*\*\*

REP: KOYO INSTRUMENTS & INDUSTRIES CO LTD 41730 ORDER: WD95007E ORDERED: 9/ 3/20 7 -W09500-  
 KAWASUMI 3-3 BUILDING OFFICE  
 307 KAMASHIIRA-2ND NAKA-KU  
 YOKOHAMA 231  
 JAPAN DATE: 9/ 3/20 VESSEL: SEABOSS

GENTLEMEN,  
 PLEASE CHECK AND CONFIRM RECEIPT OF ALL ORDERED ITEMS AS LISTED BELOW  
 AND SEND A COPY TO OFFICE HERE DURING PORT AND DATE OF RECEIPT.  
 STAMPED AND SIGNED BY MASTER AND CHIEF ENGINEER.  
 REMAINING 2 COPIES TO BE KEPT ONBOARD FOR MASTER'S AND  
 CHIEF ENGINEER'S FILES

RECEIVED AT PORT: \_\_\_\_\_ ON DATE: \_\_\_\_\_ MEANS OF TRANSPORT: \_\_\_\_\_  
 MASTER: \_\_\_\_\_ CHIEF ENGINEER: \_\_\_\_\_  
 VESSEL: SEABOSS BUILT BY: NANTONG COSCO KAMASA 2004 YEAR: \_\_\_\_\_ CURR: YES  
 CHINA

CODE	DESCRIPTION	PART NO.	DRAWING NO.	QTY	QUOTATION DATE	UNIT PRICE	LAST PURCHASE DATE	UNIT PRICE	CHANGE	PRICE
DUAL ENGINE MAKER-YANMAR DIESEL ENG.										
CYLINDER HEAD ASSY CREAM MAKER-										
1. CYL. OIL SEPT										
11	1020100 0-RING	24310-00020F10	1-2	24	PCS	3.7	10.11.5	1.00	11	30
21	1020107 0-RING	24310-00020F10	1-2	24	PCS	3.7	10.11.5	1.00	11	30
31	1020100 0-RING	152022-01010F10	1-2	6	PCS	3.7	10.11.5	1.00	11	30
41	1020110 0-RING	24311-00010F10	1-2	6	PCS	3.7	10.11.5	1.00	11	30
51	1020113 GASKET	147073-12312F10	1-2	1	PCS	3.7	9.07.11.5	9.37	11	120
CYLINDER LINER ASSY MAKER-										
61	1020702 GASKET,CYLINDER HEAD INT.O	147066-01350F10	7	2	PCS	3.7	9.30.11.5	9.71	11	1000
71	1021405 GASKET	147073-11320F10	1k-1	8	PCS	3.7	9.30.11.5	5.13	10	720
PISTON & CONNECTING ROD A MAKER-										
81 1021700 COMPRESSION RING NO. 1 (3-AGE OF PLATE)										
81	1021704 COMPRESSION RING NO. 1	147073-22130F10	1-2	12	PCS	3.7	45.01.11.5	50.00	11	5920
91	1021705 COMPRESSION RING NO. 2	147073-22130F10	1-2	12	PCS	3.7	21.11.11.5	26.22	11	3120
101	1021706 COMPRESSION RING NO. 3	147073-22130F10	1-2	12	PCS	3.7	21.11.11.5	26.22	11	3120
111	1021708 OIL RING ASSY	147073-22120F10	1-2	12	SET	3.7	20.01.11.5	49.20	11	2910
121	1021725 CRANK PIN BEARING	147073-22250F10	1-2	2	PCS	3.7	484.15			8320
*****										
										ORDER'S TOTAL \$ 217.85
										TEN 295000

ANTICIPATED EX-FACTORY DELIVERY TIME 7 DAYS

(Fig. No 7, Order Form from the Tech. Dept. App. [8])

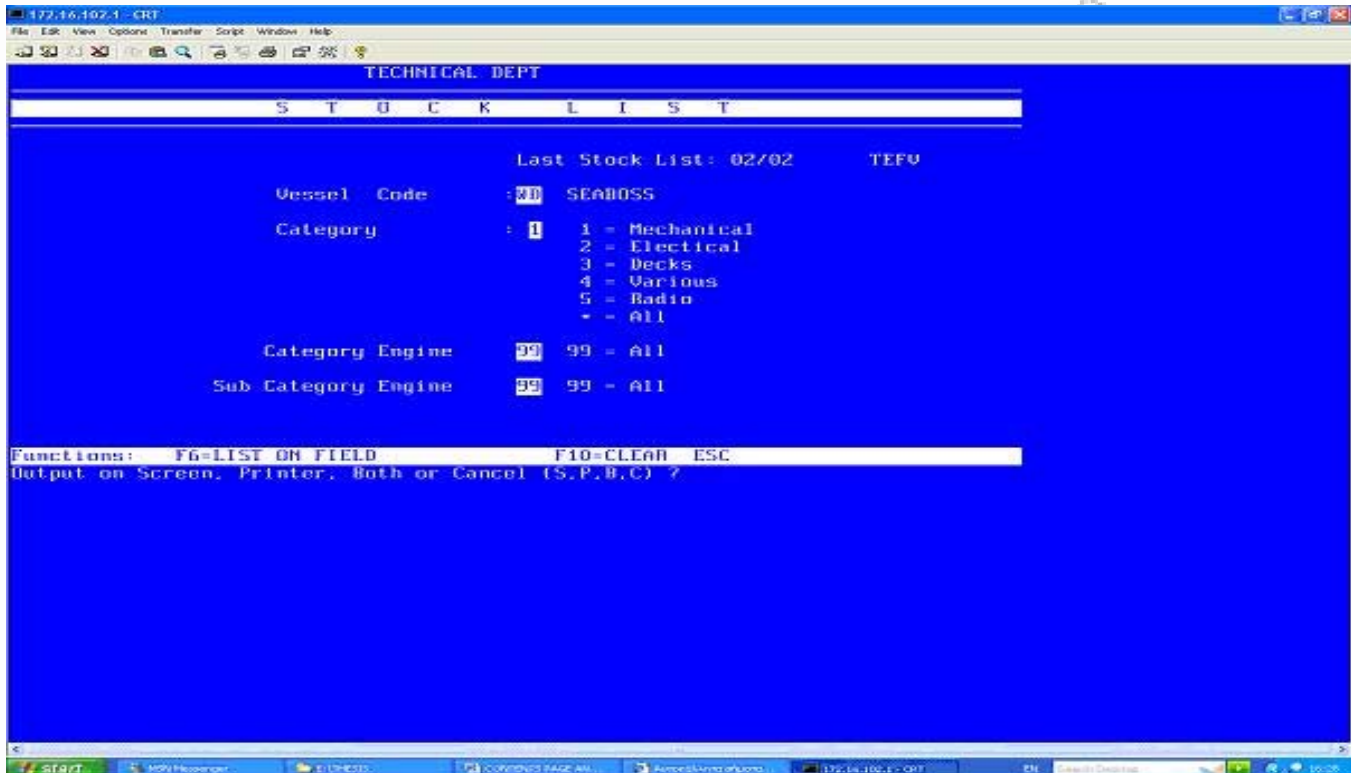
Spare parts are delivered onboard by Company agents. When the spare parts, which are written on the Purchase Order (P.O.), are received, we check carefully if the delivered quantities agree with those on the P.O. (Fig. No 7); and are sent to the Master (Captain) who will counter-sign and stamp it with the vessel's seal.

This copy with the "DELIVERY CONFIRMATION" is sent to the office and the order is closed. For a more analytical observation, also we can see the Appendix No 8.

In case of a difference between the ordered and the delivered quantities (PARTIAL DELIVERY), we can make the relative remarks on the copy and advise the office accordingly to send a copy of the packing list (found in the box) or a letter to the office with explanatory remarks.



A case study on the spare parts requirement for a  
55,500 dwt geared bulk carrier



(Fig. No 8, Stock List by "CRT" Program, Ref. [17])

The company has established a computer Database for the following spares (i.e. Order, delivery etc.) which is efficient and easy to use. In order to update the system in operation, the Company has issued a "Stock List" in which essential and more frequently-used spares for all machinery (Mechanical-Electrical) are codified by assigning a code number to each spare part. We can observe at this point on the above screen (*Fig. No 8*) the software program for the Stock List, where it used by the Shipping Company.

Moreover, each spare part found in the Stock List is represented by a seven (7) digit code number which never changes. In case of an emergency, instead of giving all particulars of the machinery and the description of the requested spares, only with a telex of the code number and quantity; the Company will know directly from the stock list exactly what is requested.

The stock list helps the information of the inventory list and the arrangement of spare parts since everything is readily found on the stock list; so we only have to complete the number of pieces or sets which exist onboard as spares.

The inventory list of spares is necessary to be carried out and sent to this office properly filled and as soon as possible, since all transactions concerning spares i.e. order purchase, delivery etc. are automatically processed. The reason for computerizing spares is to relieve Chief Engineers from the responsibility of follow-up; by using it, Chief Engineers are always familiar with what exists onboard and what spares are necessary for the near future.



### Assumptions

This study will be carried out for maintenance purposes only, hence unexpected or unpredictable damage will not be taken into account. Furthermore, it is very hard to predict future damage due to the existence of external factors or issues where the human effect is very low.



The vessel including its hull, machinery and equipment is built with certain Classification Society requirements, suitable notations on account of strengthened heavy cargoes with holds 2 and 4 empty, Hold No. 3 Ballast hold and unattended machinery. IACS Procedural Requirements demand member societies to provide monthly reports on ships according to class; class suspensions lasting more than 7 days, reinstatements, withdrawals, reassignments, transfers, and ISM Code and ISPS Code certificates are also issued.

In addition, we collected the Class status reports, the vessel Certificates (Class, Statutory), the vessel survey (Class, Statutory), but the most important status for our needs, are the Surveys of machinery items. Therefore, we have analytical descriptions and codes for the Propulsion and Steering, Electrical Power, Machinery- and Marine Piping Systems, Navigation, Communication and Control.

A case study on the spare parts requirement for a  
55,500 dwt geared bulk carrier

**DET NORSKE VERITAS**  
Class Status Report  
Current Status

Report date:  
2012-07-06

Name of vessel	DNV ID no.	IMO no.
SEABOSS	24793	9288332











Code	Description	Last survey	Next survey	Postponed	Status
MEPSWL	Main low voltage switchboard	2009-09-22	2014-09-22		
MEPSWL	Main distribution low voltage switchboard	2009-09-22	2014-09-22		
ELECHV	Main transformer (Transformer/convertor)	2009-09-22	2014-09-22		
EEPDIE	Emergency generator diesel engine	2009-09-22	2014-09-22		
EEPGEN	Emergency generator	2009-09-22	2014-09-22		
EEPSWL	Emergency low voltage switchboard	2009-09-22	2014-09-22		
EEPSWL	Emergency distribution low voltage switchboard	2009-09-22	2014-09-22		
ELECHV	Emergency transformer (Transformer/convertor)	2009-09-22	2014-09-22		
<b>Machinery- and marine piping systems (600)</b>					
AUFPIP	Auxiliary feed water piping	2009-09-22	2014-09-22		
AUFPIU	Auxiliary feed water pumping unit A (Auxiliary boiler)	2009-09-22	2014-09-22		
AUFPIU	Auxiliary feed water pumping unit F (Auxiliary boiler)	2009-09-22	2014-09-22		
AUXCON	Auxiliary condenser (Dumping)	2009-09-22	2014-09-22		
AUSPIP	Auxiliary steam piping (Temp below 450 deg.)	2009-09-22	2014-09-22		
AUCPIP	Auxiliary condensate piping	2009-09-22	2014-09-22		
FUOPIP	Fuel oil piping (Diesel Oil)	2009-09-22	2014-09-22		
FUOPIP	Fuel oil piping	2009-09-22	2014-09-22		

(Fig. No 9, Sample of Class inspection intervals on CSM items, Ref. [9])

For more details, we can observe the whole Class Status Report in the *Appendix No 4*.

Although this study will be carried out solely on one specific vessel, some systems / machinery data will be obtained by sister vessels or the same machinery which belongs to other vessels. In addition, when we have the opportunity to export the data from the sister vessels, we save time and money because of the fact that both knowledge and experience exist in the Technical Staff and as a result, we achieve the direct delivery of the particular item.

Financial data will be considered real and the product of unknown negotiations between the manager of the subject vessel and the market players. (i.e. manager's commercial value will not be excluded from the final figures). Therefore, we have one *Table* and one *Graph* below, where we can observe the currency exchange values (based on Nov 05, 2012).

	 USD	 GBP	 CAD	 EUR	 AUD
 1		<a href="#">0.62626</a>	<a href="#">0.99728</a>	<a href="#">0.78205</a>	<a href="#">0.96652</a>
 <a href="#">1.59679</a>	1		<a href="#">1.59244</a>	<a href="#">1.24876</a>	<a href="#">1.54333</a>
 <a href="#">1.00273</a>	<a href="#">0.62797</a>	1		<a href="#">0.78418</a>	<a href="#">0.96916</a>
 <a href="#">1.27869</a>	<a href="#">0.80079</a>	<a href="#">1.27522</a>	1		<a href="#">1.23589</a>
 <a href="#">1.03464</a>	<a href="#">0.64795</a>	<a href="#">1.03182</a>	<a href="#">0.80913</a>	1	

(Table No 1, Currency Exchange Values, Ref. [15])

### American Dollars to 1 EUR

6 Oct 2012 12:00 UTC - 5 Nov 2012 12:01 UTC



(Graph No 1, American Dollars to 1 EUR, Ref. [15])

### **Limitations**

Selected spare parts represent the basic structure of the vessel at a percent of 90% approximately. There are other spare parts that have not been included in the study since their importance was considered low during initial planning. Moreover, during their five-year function it is very hard to estimate their damage, either due to low running hours during their function, or because of the unnecessary machinery parts in a spare part. Therefore, we have selected the basic part numbers which are mentioned, either due to frequent difficulties observed on the spare parts or because of the continual supervision and check which are determined by the DNV.

**CHAPTER No 3****Overhauling Intervals****For M/E according to maker's recommendations****MAN B&W RHRS 6S50MC-C SL03-423**

MAN B&amp;W Diesel A/S



Service Letter

SL03-423/UM  
March 2003
**Mean Time Between Overhaul  
Piston Overhaul**  
Action Code: WHEN CONVENIENT

Dear Sirs

On the basis of positive feedback from owners with large bore engines, we changed, in early 2002, our recommended "Guiding Overhaul Intervals" for piston overhauls from 8,000 hrs. to 12-16,000 hrs., and new instruction books were changed accordingly. At the same time, we also changed the interval for small and medium bore engines from 8,000 hrs. to 12,000-16,000 hrs., see the enclosure "Guiding Overhaul Intervals and Expected Service Life".

It is possible to obtain the above MTBO (mean time between overhaul) for engines fitted with the latest introduced features in the combustion chamber, i.e.:

- PC ring
- Pistons with high topland
- CPR (controlled pressure relief) top piston ring
- Piston rings with Alu-bronze coating
- Piston skirts with bronze rings

For engines with slide fuel valves, a further increase of MTBO can be expected for pistons and rings.

Against this background, we wish to present a more flexible approach to piston overhaul, taking also the type of vessel into consideration.

Generally, a well-lubricated piston with a good appearance and with an intact CPR piston ring should not be overhauled. An intact CPR ring means that the remaining pressure-relief grooves should be at least 1 mm deep.

HEAD OFFICE (& Postal address)  
Teglholmsgade 41  
DK-2450 Copenhagen SV  
Telephone: +45 33 85 11 00  
Telex: 16592 manbw dk  
Telefax: +45 33 85 10 39  
E-mail: manbw@manbw.dk  
http://www.manbw.dk

DIESEL SERVICE  
Teglholmsgade 41  
DK-2450 Copenhagen SV  
Telephone: +45 33 85 11 00  
Telex: 31197 manbw dk  
Telefax: +45 33 85 10 49  
E-mail: diesel-service@manbw.dk

PRODUCTION  
Teglholmsgade 35  
DK-2450 Copenhagen SV  
Telephone: +45 33 85 11 00  
Telex: 19023 manfw dk  
Telex: 19042 manfw dk  
Telefax: +45 33 85 10 17  
E-mail: manufacturing/copenhagen@manbw.dk

FORWARDING  
Teglholmsgade 35  
DK-2450 Copenhagen SV  
Telephone: +45 33 85 11 00  
Telex: 19023 manfw dk  
Telex: 19042 manfw dk  
Telefax: +45 33 85 10 16

MAN B&W Diesel A/S  
Denmark  
CVR.No.: 39 98 13 14

For containerships and bulk carriers, the piston overhauls should be based on regular inspections of the condition through the scavenge air ports, as per the instruction book, and only pistons which need overhauling according to such inspection should be pulled.

For tankers where piston overhauls could result in expensive off-hire due to lack of permission for immobilisation at the tanker terminals, planned overhaul at fixed intervals, for instance during dockings, is recommended.

For these reasons, we have introduced an overhauling interval instead of a fixed time, hereby giving the chief engineers the option to pull the pistons when most convenient.

Questions or comments regarding this SL should be directed to our Dept. 2300.

Yours faithfully

MAN B&W Diesel A/S

  
Ole Grøne

  
Mikael C Jensen

Thanks to the above Service Letter, from the MAN B&W, we can calculate the mean time between overhauls during the function of every spare part. Putting the following table into practice, we will have the overhauling intervals we are in need of for the five-year function of the vessel. For a more analytical observation we can see the *Appendix No 5*.

MAN B&amp;W Diesel A/S



## Guiding Overhaul Intervals and Expected Service Life

Component	Overhauling intervals (in hours)	Expected service life in hours, based on average wear	Remarks
Cylinder liner	12-16,000	98MC 80,000	Overall cylinder condition to be checked frequently through scavenge ports, preferably once every month
		90MC 80,000	
		80MC 70,000	
		70MC 70,000	
		60MC 60,000	
		50MC 60,000	
		46MC 50,000	
		42MC 50,000	
Piston rings	12-16,000	12-16,000	
Piston crown	12-16,000	Same as for cylinder liner for the respective type	Pressure test at every second piston overhaul
		Rechroming of ring grooves when need indicated by measurements, typically at every second scheduled overhaul	
		Reconditioning of piston crown by welding-up is possible two times	
Stuffing box	12-16,000	12-24,000	Renewal of lamellas
Exhaust valve spindle and bottom piece (cage)	Grinding of seats: <u>98-70MC</u> 1) 6,000 2) 16,000 <u>60-26MC</u> 1) 3,000 2) 16,000  1) Initial inspection 2) Subsequent inspections	100,000 for Nimonic exhaust valves	Originally chrome-plated spindle stem may be reconditioned by either rechroming or by HVOF-coating.  Originally HVOF-coated stem or HVOF reconditioned stem will normally not need reconditioning
		60,000 for austenitic steel spindles  Reconditioning of seat (hard facing) and possible welding-up of spindle disc underside for austenitic steel spindles	

A case study on the spare parts requirement for a  
55,500 dwt geared bulk carrier

MAN B&amp;W Diesel A/S

2



Component	Overhaul intervals	Expected lifetime	Remarks
Actuator gear	32,000 hydraulic system	64,000	
Fuel valve	8,000 depending on fuel quality	8,000 valve nozzle 16,000 spindle guide	Overhaul, and replace nozzle every 8,000 hours
Fuel pump plunger and barrel, suction valve and shock absorber	16,000 based on engine observations	40,000 renewal or reconditioning	Change sealing rings on barrel, plunger and suction valve
Cylinder cover		96,000	Check for burned grooves at fuel valve nozzle holes. Perform welding-up if required
Starting valve, safety valve and indicator cock	12,000	Total engine lifetime	
Cylinder lubricator	Mechanical lubricator 16,000	Total engine lifetime	Cleaning of oil reservoir, filter and pumps. Checking of timing and adjustment
	Alpha Lubricator 16,000	Total engine lifetime	Accumulators to be refilled
Crosshead bearings Main bearings Crank bearings Thrust bearing	6-8,000 (every year) checking of clearances and crankshaft deflection	64,000 crosshead bearings 96,000 main bearings 96,000 crank bearings 96,000 thrust bearing	Bearings should only be opened up if bearing material fragments fall out. Inspections according to classification requirements
Roller guide for fuel pump and exhaust valve	1,500 check condition in situ	Total engine lifetime	Check running surfaces and free rotation of roller
Chains	3-4,000 (every six months). Retightening of chains	96,000	



A case study on the spare parts requirement for a  
55,500 dwt geared bulk carrier

MAN B&amp;W Diesel A/S

3



Component	Overhaul intervals	Expected lifetime	Remarks
Chain wheels and rubber guide bars	3-4,000 visual inspection	96,000 chain wheels 32,000 guide bars	First inspections and retightening after 500, 1,000 and 1,500 hours in total service
Reversing and regulating gear	3-4,000 checking of moving parts	Total engine lifetime	Pneumatic/hydraulic governor: Oil change every 4,000 hours
Tie rods including bracing screws	6-8,000 retightening (every year)	Total engine lifetime	
Holding down bolts	6-8,000 retightening (every year)	Total engine lifetime	
Turbocharger	Dry cleaning normally once a day. Manual cleaning and condition check of nozzle ring, turbine blades and shroud ring based on observations, normally once a year	According to maker's recommendations	See manufacturer's special recommendations
Air cooler(s) Air filters	Cleaning based on engine observations	40-50,000	Cleaning before differential pressure has increased by 50% compared to sea trial value
Flaps and butterfly valves in scavenge air receiver	Check movement at every scavenge port inspection	Total engine lifetime	
Various fuel and lubricating oil filters. Camshaft filters and TCS filters, if any	Cleaning based on engine observations		
Lubricating oil bottom tank	16,000 cleaning		

2300/PXN/JCB  
March 2003

(Table No 2, Guiding Overhaul Intervals and Expected Life, Ref. [1])

**For D/G according to maker's recommendations**

6. MAINTENANCE CHECKING (Engine Using Heavy Fuel Oil)

**YANMAR 6N21A1-V**

Table 6-3. Checking Table for Engine Using Heavy Fuel Oil (R.W. No.1 at 100°F 1,500 ~ 7,000-sec. Equivalent Fuel Oil) (1/3)

An asterisk (\*) given in the following tables refers to the timing of initial check after the initial start or part replacement. Perform the check from the second time and onward at the ordinary frequency.

Div.	Part to Be Checked	Nature of Service	Checking & Servicing Frequency (hrs.)				
			3 mo. or 1,000 ~ 1,500	6 mo. or 2,000 ~ 2,500	1 yr. or 4,000 ~ 5,000	2 ~ 3 yr. or 8,000 ~ 10,000	5 yr. or 16,000 ~ 20,000
Cylinder head	Fuel injection valve	Drawing-out check & adjustment	1,500 ~ 2,000				1st time: 500 ~ 800hrs
	Cylinder head	Check & adjustment of the valve head clearance	○				
		Check of valve spring			○		
		Check disassembly & check of valve rotator			○		
		Disassembly, check & cleaning			○		
		Grinding of suc./ehx. valve seat			○		
		Scale cleaning & hydraulic test of water chamber				○	
Major Moving Parts	Piston	Replacement of stem seal (Suc./Ehx. Valve)				○	
		Check of cyl. head bolt tightening force	*	○			
		Drawing-out, cleaning, checking & measurement of piston				○	
	Connecting rod	Check & measurement of piston rings				○	
		Check & measurement of piston pin				○	
		Check & measurement of piston pin metal				○	
		Check & measurement of crank-pin metal				○	
		Check of connecting rod bolt tightening force				○	
	Cyl. liner	Change of connecting rod bolts					20,000 hrs.
		Inner dia. checking, cleaning & measurement				○	
	Crankshaft	Drawing-out, check & cleaning of water jacket part				○	
		Measurement of crank pin outer dia. & journal				○	
	Main bearing	Measurement & adjustment of deflection	○				
		Disassembly, metal checking & measurement				○	
		Check on tightening force of main bearing clamping bolts				○	
	Camshaft	Check on tightening force of side bolts				○	
		Check of cam & roller bearing			○		
Disassembly & check of fuel pump tappet					○		
Disassembly, check & measurement of swing arm					○		
Timing gear	Drawing-out of crankshaft & bearing check & measurement				○		
	Check of tooth bearing & backlash				○		
	Disassembly of idle gear & check & measurement of bearing				○		
		Check of idle gear mounted shaft tightening force				○	



6. MAINTENANCE CHECKING (Engine Using Heavy Fuel Oil)

**YANMAR 6N21A/L-V**

Table 6-3. Checking Table for Engine Using Heavy Fuel Oil (R.W. No.1 at 100°F 1,500 ~ 7,000-sec. Equivalent Fuel Oil) (3/3)

Div.	Part to Be Checked	Nature of Service	Checking Servicing Cycle (hrs.)				
			3 mo. or 1,000 ~ 1,500	3 mo. or 2,000 ~ 2,500	1 yr. or 4,000 ~ 5,000	2 ~ 3 yr. or 8,000 ~ 10,000	5 yr. or 16,000 ~ 20,000
Cooling Water System	Thermostatic valve	Disassembly, check & cleaning		○			
	Cooling water pump	Disassembly, check & measurement			○		
		Replacement of mechanical seal			○		
	Fresh water cooler	Disassembly, check, cleaning & hydraulic test			○		
	Cooling water (Fresh water)	Change (depended on results of property analysis)			○		
	Sea water cooling parts	Check of anticorrosive zinc & replacement (Air cooler & Lub. oil cooler)	○				
Other	Turbocharger	Disassembly & cleaning			○		
	Boost air cooler	Disassembly, check, cleaning & hydraulic test			○		
	Starting air motor	Disassemble and clean the muffler element. (Clean with neutral detergent.)					Every 6 months
		Remove the starting motor from the engine and turn the pinion gear manually, check that it turns smoothly and it emits no abnormal sound.					Every 6 months
		Disassembly, inspection, cleaning and replacement of grease of moving parts, replacement of o-ring, first reduction gear bearing and special grease inside the reduction gear.				○	
		Disassembly, inspection, cleaning and replacement of grease of moving parts, replacement of o-ring, 1st & 2nd reduction gear bearings and special grease inside the reduction gear.					○
Engine tachometer	Calibration of indication			○			
Alarm switch	Actuation test		○				

(Table No 3, Maintenance Checking for Diesel Generator according to Makers' Recommendations, Ref. [5])

Using the same idea from the Maintenance checking, we can create one list (in the Microsoft Office Program-Excel) where we notice the most important parts of the Engine Using Heavy Fuel Oil. We can see the *Appendix No 5* for a more analytical observation.



**For remaining machinery systems according to the manager's policy**

Below we create one list of the most important parts, which depict the rest of the most important machinery parts in the vessel, including the "Various Machinery", "Various Pumps" and the "Navigation-Communication Equipment".

**"Various Machinery"**

<b>1. H.F.O. SEPARATOR</b>	<b>5. PROPELLER &amp; SHAFTING</b>
BOWL SPINDLE	PROPELLER
FRICTION BLOCK	PROPELLER SHAFT
	SIMPLEX SEALS FWD
<b>2. L.O. SEPARATOR</b>	SIMPLEX SEALS AFT
BOWL SPINDLE	SIMPLEX LINER FWD
FROCTION BLOCK	SIMPLEX LINER AFT
<b>3. BOILER - F.O. BURNER &amp; ACCESS</b>	<b>6. RUDDER</b>
F.O. ATOMISER	RUDDER PINTLE BUSH
D.O. ATOMISER	RUDDER PINTLE BUSH
FLAME EYE	
FLAME DETECTOR	<b>7. ANCHOR</b>
FIRING ELECTRODES	ANCHOR
MANHOLE GASKETS	ANCHOR SWIVELS
WATER LEVEL GAUGES	ANCHOR KENTER SHA
	ANCHOR D SHACKLES
<b>4. MAIN COMPRESSOR</b>	
PISTON (STAGE I/LP)	
PISTON (STAGE II/HP)	
PISTON RINGS (I/LP)	
PISTON RINGS (II/HP)	
CYL. BLOCK	
CYL. HEAD	
CON. ROD (LP-HP)	
MAIN BEARING (FLYWHEEL SIDE)	
MAIN BEARING (VENT-SIDE)	
CON. ROD BEARINGS	
SUCT V/V (STAGE I/LP)	
DELY V/V (STAGE I/LP)	
SUCT V/V (STAGE II/LP)	
DELY V/V (STAGE II/LP)	

"Various Pumps"

<b>1. STEER GEAR HYDR. P/P</b>	<b>10. PISTON BILGE PUMP</b>
PISTONS / VANES	PISTON
SUCTION V/V	LINER
OIL SEALS	PISTON RINGS
	SUCTION VALVES
<b>2. M/E L.O. PUMP</b>	DELIVERY VALVES
MECHANICAL OIL SEALS	BEARINGS
BEARINGS	
<b>3. STERN TUBE L.O. P/P</b>	<b>11. EVAP. EJECTOR PUMP</b>
BEARINGS	IMPELLER
	SHAFT
	MECHANICAL SEALS
<b>4. JACKET COOL F.W. PUMP</b>	
IMPELLER	<b>12. M/E BOOSTER PUMP</b>
SHAFT	GEAR SET
MOUTH RINGS	BEARINGS
SHAFT SLEEVES	
<b>5. CENTRAL COOL F.W. P/P</b>	<b>13. BOILER F.O. BURN PUMP</b>
IMPELLER	MECHANICAL SEALS
SHAFT	BEARINGS
MOUTH RINGS	
SHAFT SLEEVES	<b>14. EMERG. FIRE PUMP</b>
	IMPELLER
<b>6. EVAPOR. DISTILLED PUMP</b>	SHAFT
IMPELLER	MECHANICAL SEALS
SHAFT	MOUTH RINGS
MECHANICAL SEALS	SHAFT SLEEVES
<b>7. CENTRIFICAL BOILER FEED PUMP</b>	<b>15. BALLAST PUMP</b>
IMPELLER	IMPELLER
IMPELLER	SHAFT
SHAFT	MECHANICAL SEALS
MOUTH RINGS	MOUTH RINGS
CASING RINGS	SHAFT SLEEVES
SHAFT SLEEVES	BEARINGS
<b>8. MAIN S.W. COOL PUMP</b>	<b>16. HYDR. PUMP/MOTOR FOR DECK MACHINERY</b>
IMPELLER	HYDRAULIC P/P COMPL.
SHAFT	HYDRAULIC MOTOR COMPL.
MECHANICAL SEAL	PISTON / VANES
MOUTH RING	MECHANICAL SEALS
SHAFT SLEEVE	BEARINGS

A case study on the spare parts requirement for a  
55,500 dwt geared bulk carrier

<b>9. GEN.SERVIS &amp; FIRE P/P</b>	<b>17. DECK CRANES</b>
IMPELLER	HYDR. P/P FOR HOISTING
SHAFT	DOUBLE GEAR P/P FOR LUFFING
MECHANICAL SEALS	HYDR. P/P FOR SLEWING
MOUTH RINGS	HYDR. MOTOR FOR HOISTING
CASING RINGS	HYDR. MOTOR FOR SLEWING
SHAFT SLEEVES	ROTARY GROUP
	TRIPLE GEAR P/P
	ROLLER BEARINGS
	CABLE

“Navigation/Communication Equipment”

<b>1. NAVIGATION - COMM. EQUIP.</b>	<b>4. GMDSS</b>
NAVIGATION LIGHT BUILBS	FURUNO, RELAY 24V DC, BATT, CHARGED
ALDIS LAMP SPARE BUILBS	FURUNO, BRIDGE RECTIFIER BATT. CHARGER
	ILLUMINATION LAMPS
<b>2. RADAR</b>	
CARBON BRUSHES FOR SCANNER DRIVE MOTOR	<b>5. INMARSAT A / B</b>
MAGNETRON TUBE FOR No1 RADAR	INMARSAT A / B , AZIMOUTH BELT FOR ANTENNA
MAGNETRON TUBE FOR No2 RADAR	INMARSAT A / B , ELEVATION BELT FOR ANTENNA
MODULATOR TUBE FOR No1 RADAR	VARIOUS FUSES
MODULATOR TUBE FOR No2 RADAR	
MIYER DIODES	<b>6. RADIO BATTERIES</b>
FUSES	BATTERIES
ILLUMINATION LAMPS	
<b>3. GYROCOMPASS</b>	<b>7. E.P.I.R.B.</b>
	E.P.I.R.B.
ILLUMINATION LAMPS FOR GYROREPEATERS	
VARIOUS FUSES	<b>8. G.P.S.</b>
GYROSHERE	G.P.S.

(Table No 4, Overhauling Intervals for Remain Machinery Systems according to the Managers' Policy)

In addition, in the *Appendix No 6* we can observe an extra questionnaire answered by the Superintendent Engineers and Chief Engineers, which is based on the average of running hours (overhauling interval) as per experience, apart from the above makers' recommendations.

**CHAPTER No 4****Replacement Percentage**

This survey relies on the questionnaire over a minimum of 7 active fleet managers and C/E, to determine for each part, replacement percentage at specified overhauling intervals. The average of estimation will be used to calculate how many parts are required for maintenance purposes over 5 years.

<b><u>SPARES</u></b>	<b><u>TOTAL AVERAGE OF REPLACEMENT AT EVERY OVERHAUL</u></b>	<b><u>S.E.1</u></b>	<b><u>S.E.2</u></b>	<b><u>S.E.3</u></b>	<b><u>S.E.4</u></b>	<b><u>S.E.5</u></b>	<b><u>C.E.1</u></b>	<b><u>C.E.2</u></b>
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**MAIN ENGINE**

<b>1. CYLINDER COVER</b>								
CYL. COVER	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%

<b>2. PISTON W/ROD</b>								
PISTON ROD	7%	7%	5%	9%	4%	10%	7%	7%
<b>PISTON CROWN</b>	<b>7%</b>	<b>7%</b>	<b>7%</b>	<b>10%</b>	<b>4%</b>	<b>9%</b>	<b>5%</b>	<b>7%</b>
PISTON SKIRT	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
PISTON RINGS	100%	80%	100%	120%	90%	110%	100%	100%
TELESCOPIC PIPES	5%	5%	7%	3%	10%	2%	3%	5%

<b>3. CYLINDER LINER</b>								
CYL. LINER	0%	0%	0%	0	0%	0%	0%	0%
CYL. COOLING JACKET	4%	4%	6%	2%	5%	3%	4%	4%

<b>4. CONN. ROD &amp; CROSSHEAD</b>								
CROSSHEAD PIN	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
CROSSHEAD BEARINGS (SET)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
CRANKPIN BEARINGS (SET)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%

<b>5. MAIN BEARING</b>								
MAIN BEARING	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%

<b>6. EXHAUST V/V</b>								
EXH. V/V COMPLETE	3%	3%	2%	4%	5%	2%	2%	3%
EXH. SPINDLE	20%	25%	25%	20%	12%	18%	17%	23%
EXH. SEAT	20%	25%	23%	17%	18%	22%	15%	20%

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<b>7. FUEL V/V</b>								
FUEL V/V COMPL.	3%	3%	2%	2%	5%	4%	2%	3%
FUEL V/V NOZZLES	20%	25%	20%	15%	22%	18%	17%	23%
FUEL V/V GUIDE	20%	25%	20%	15%	22%	18%	23%	17%
<b>8. STARTING V/V</b>								
STARTING V/V COMPL.	3%	3%	2%	4%	5%	2%	2%	3%
<b>9. RELIEF V/V</b>								
RELIEF V/V COMPL.	3%	4%	2%	3%	3%	2%	2%	5%
<b>10. FUEL P/P</b>								
FUEL P/P COMP.	2%	2%	1%	1%	4%	2%	2%	2%
FUEL P/P BLOCK ONLY	2%	1%	1%	2%	4%	2%	2%	2%
FUEL P/P PLUNGER - BAREL	25%	25%	20%	27%	30%	23%	22%	28%
<b>11. THRUST BEARINGS</b>								
THRUST BRNG PADS	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
W/SENSOR POCKETS	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
<b>12. CAMSHAFT BEARING</b>								
CAMSHAFT BRNGS	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
<b>13. CAMSHAFT</b>								
FUEL P/P CAMS	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
EXH. V/V CAMS	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
<b>14. INDICATING PUMP</b>								
INDICATOR V/V COMPLETE	10%	8%	12%	10%	10%	7%	13%	10%
<b>15. CYL. LUBRICATING PUMP</b>								
CYL. LUBR. P/P COMPL. SET	1.5%	1.50%	1.30%	1.70%	2%	1%	1.6%	1.40%
CYL. LUBR. P/P ELEMENTS	12%	10%	14%	12%	15%	10%	11%	12%
<b>16. TURBOCHARGER</b>								
T/C ROTOR COMPL.	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
T/C BEARING BLOWER	100%	120%	100%	80%	100%	100%	90%	110%
T/C BEARING TURBINE	100%	80%	100%	120%	90%	110%	100%	100%
T/C CASING (OUTLET)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
T/C CASING (INLET)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
<b>17. M/E GOVERNOR</b>								
M/E GOVERNOR COMPL.	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%



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<b>18. M/E AIR COOLER</b>								
M/E AIR COOLER COMPL.	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%

### DIESEL GENERATORS

<b>1. PISTON &amp; CONN. ROD</b>								
PISTON HEAD	5%	5%	3%	2%	12%	3%	5%	5%
PISTON PIN	8%	8%	6%	10%	8%	9%	7%	8%
PISTON PIN BUSH	8%	8%	7%	9%	8%	10%	6%	8%
PISTON RINGS	100%	80%	100%	120%	90%	110%	100%	100%

<b>2. CONN. ROD</b>								
CONN. ROD	12%	10%	14%	12%	15%	10%	11%	12%
CONN. ROD BOLTS	14%	14%	16%	12%	15%	13%	14%	14%
CRANKPIN BEARING SET	15%	10%	12%	20%	12%	17%	17%	17%

<b>3. CYLINDER LINER</b>								
CYLINDER LINERS	3%	5%	4%	2%	3%	3%	2%	2%

<b>4. CYLINDER HEAD</b>								
CYL. COVERS	5%	10%	3%	7%	5%	5%	3%	2%

<b>5. INLET V/V</b>								
INLET V/V SEATS	25%	25%	20%	27%	30%	23%	22%	28%
INLET V/V SPINDLES	25%	28%	22%	23%	30%	27%	20%	25%

<b>6. EXHAUST V/V</b>								
EXH. V/V SEATS	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%
EXH. V/V SPINDLES	25%	27%	20%	25%	28%	22%	23%	30%

<b>7. FUEL VALVES</b>								
FUEL V/V COMPL.	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%
FUEL V/V NOZZLES	25%	20%	25%	28%	22%	23%	30%	27%

<b>8. INDICATOR &amp; SAFETY V/V</b>								
SAFETY VALVES	7%	5%	7%	7%	7%	10%	4%	9%
INDICATOR VALVES	7%	9%	5%	7%	7%	7%	10%	4%

<b>9. STARTING VALVE</b>								
STARTING V/V COMPL.	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
SERVICE KIT FOR TURBO STATER COMPLETE	10%	7%	10%	10%	12%	8%	10%	13%

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<b>10. VALVE ROTATOR</b>									
ROTATOR COMPL.	25%	28%	22%	23%	30%	27%	20%	25%	
<b>11. V/V OPERATING DEVICE</b>									
INLET V/V ROCKER ARMS	7%	4%	9%	5%	7%	7%	7%	10%	
EXH. V/V ROCKER ARMS	7%	7%	7%	10%	4%	9%	5%	7%	
<b>12. FUEL PUMPS</b>									
FUEL P/P COMPL.	5%	3%	2%	10%	3%	7%	5%	5%	
FUEL P/P PLUNGER & BARREL	10%	13%	7%	10%	10%	12%	8%	10%	
<b>13. CRANKSHAFT</b>									
CRANKSHAFT	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
<b>14. MAIN BEARINGS</b>									
MAIN BEARING SET	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
THRUST BEARING SET	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
<b>15. CAMSHAFT</b>									
CAMSHAFT	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
FUEL V/V CAMS	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
INLET V/V CAMS	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
EXHAUST V/V CAMS	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
CAMSHAFT BRNG SET	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
<b>16. TURBOCHARGER</b>									
T/C ROTOR COMPL.	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
T/C ROTOR	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
T/C CASINGS	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
T/C BEARING (BLOWER SIDE)	60%	60%	50%	70%	55%	65%	60%	60%	
T/C BEARING (TURBINE SIDE)	60%	60%	60%	65%	55%	70%	50%	60%	
<b>17. G/E GOVERNOR</b>									
GOVERNOR COMPLETE	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
<b>18. LUBRICATING OIL P.P</b>									
GEAR SET	12%	12%	11%	10%	15%	12%	14%	10%	
BEARINGS	12%	10%	14%	12%	15%	10%	11%	12%	
<b>19. COOLING WATER P/P</b>									
IMPELLER	5%	2%	10%	3%	7%	5%	5%	3%	
SHAFT	5%	3%	10%	2%	3%	5%	5%	7%	
MECHANICAL SEALS	20%	17%	23%	25%	20%	15%	22%	18%	
MOUTH RINGS	20%	20%	15%	22%	18%	17%	23%	25%	

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**EMERGENCY DIESEL**

<b>1. GENERATOR</b>								
PISTON RINGS	2%	1%	4%	2%	2%	2%	2%	1%
NOZZLES	2%	1%	1%	4%	2%	2%	2%	2%
FUEL FILTER ELEMENT	5%	5%	7%	3%	10%	2%	3%	5%
LUB. OIL FILTER ELEMENT	5%	5%	3%	2%	10%	3%	7%	5%
MAIN BEARING	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
CRANKPIN BEARING	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
F.O. INJ. P/P PLUNGER W/BARREL	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%

**VARIOUS MACHINERY**

<b>1. H.F.O. SEPARATOR</b>								
BOWL SPINDLE	40%	40%	45%	35%	42%	38%	40%	40%
FRICTION BLOCK	60%	50%	70%	55%	65%	60%	57%	63%

<b>2. L.O. SEPARATOR</b>								
BOWL SPINDLE	40%	40%	40%	38%	42%	35%	45%	40%
FROCTION BLOCK	60%	63%	57%	60%	65%	55%	70%	50%

<b>3. BOILER - F.O. BURNER &amp; ACCESS</b>								
F.O. ATOMISER	25%	25%	20%	27%	30%	23%	22%	28%
D.O. ATOMISER	25%	28%	22%	23%	30%	27%	20%	25%
FLAME EYE	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
FLAME DETECTOR	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
FIRING ELECTRODES	20%	17%	18%	22%	15%	20%	25%	23%
MANHOLE GASKETS	40%	40%	45%	35%	42%	38%	40%	40%
WATER LEVEL GAUGES	10%	12%	10%	10%	7%	13%	10%	8%

<b>4. MAIN COMPRESSOR</b>								
PISTON (STAGE I/LP)	10%	13%	7%	10%	10%	12%	8%	10%
PISTON (STAGE II/HP)	10%	10%	10%	7%	13%	10%	8%	12%
PISTON RINGS (I/LP)	40%	40%	38%	42%	35%	45%	40%	40%
PISTON RINGS (II/HP)	40%	42%	35%	40%	40%	38%	40%	45%
CYL. BLOCK	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
CYL. HEAD	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
CON. ROD (LP-HP)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
MAIN BEARING (FLYWH SIDE)	10%	10%	13%	7%	10%	10%	12%	8%
MAIN BEARING (VENT-SIDE)	10%	12%	10%	10%	7%	13%	10%	8%

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CON. ROD BEARINGS	10%	12%	10%	10%	7%	13%	10%	8%
SUCT V/V (STAGE I/LP)	30%	30%	20%	40%	50%	20%	20%	30%
DELY V/V (STAGE I/LP)	30%	20%	30%	30%	20%	20%	50%	40%
SUCT V/V (STAGE II/LP)	30%	50%	40%	20%	20%	30%	30%	20%
DELY V/V (STAGE II/LP)	30%	20%	50%	40%	20%	30%	30%	20%

<b>5. PROPELLER &amp; SHAFTING</b>								
PROPELLER	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
PROPELLER SHAFT	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
SIMPLEX SEALS FWD	100%	110%	90%	120%	100%	80%	100%	100%
SIMPLEX SEALS AFT	100%	120%	90%	80%	100%	110%	100%	100%
SIMPLEX LINER FWD	50%	70%	30%	50%	45%	50%	55%	50%
SIMPLEX LINER AFT	50%	70%	30%	45%	50%	55%	50%	50%

<b>6. RUDDER</b>								
RUDDER PINTLE BUSH	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
RUDDER PINTLE BUSH	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

<b>7. ANCHOR</b>								
ANCHOR	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
ANCHOR SWIVELS	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%
ANCHOR KENTER SHA	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%
ANCHOR D SHACKLES	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%

### VARIOUS PUMPS

<b>1. STEER GEAR HYDR. P/P</b>								
PISTONS / VANES	10%	10%	10%	12%	8%	7%	13%	10%
SUCTION V/V	10%	10%	10%	12%	8%	7%	13%	10%
OIL SEALS	20%	25%	20%	15%	22%	18%	17%	23%

<b>2. M/E L.O. PUMP</b>								
MECHANICAL OIL SEALS	80%	70%	90%	75%	85%	80%	70%	90%
BEARINGS	100%	80%	100%	120%	90%	110%	100%	100%

<b>3. STERN TUBE L.O. P/P</b>								
BEARINGS	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

<b>4. JACKET COOL F.W. PUMP</b>								
IMPELLER	50%	50%	70%	30%	45%	55%	50%	50%
SHAFT	50%	50%	70%	30%	45%	55%	50%	50%
MOUTH RINGS	80%	90%	70%	80%	85%	75%	90%	70%
SHAFT SLEEVES	80%	75%	85%	90%	70%	80%	70%	90%

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<b>5. CENTRAL COOL F.W. P/P</b>								
IMPELLER	50%	50%	55%	45%	30%	70%	50%	50%
SHAFT	50%	50%	50%	50%	70%	30%	45%	55%
MOUTH RINGS	80%	70%	80%	85%	75%	90%	70%	90%
SHAFT SLEEVES	80%	70%	90%	70%	90%	75%	85%	80%

<b>6. EVAPOR. DISTILLED PUMP</b>								
IMPELLER	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%
SHAFT	50%	30%	45%	55%	50%	50%	50%	70%
MECHANICAL SEALS	80%	90%	70%	90%	70%	80%	85%	75%

<b>7. CENTRIFICAL BOILER FEED PUMP</b>								
IMPELLER	50%	50%	55%	45%	30%	70%	50%	50%
SHAFT	50%	30%	45%	55%	50%	50%	50%	70%
MOUTH RINGS	80%	75%	85%	90%	70%	80%	70%	90%
CASING RINGS	80%	90%	70%	80%	85%	75%	90%	70%
SHAFT SLEEVES	80%	70%	80%	85%	75%	90%	70%	90%

<b>8. MAIN S.W. COOL PUMP</b>								
IMPELLER	40%	45%	35%	42%	40%	40%	38%	40%
SHAFT	40%	40%	45%	35%	42%	38%	40%	40%
MECHANICAL SEAL	80%	90%	70%	90%	70%	80%	85%	75%
MOUTH RING	80%	75%	85%	90%	70%	80%	70%	90%
SHAFT SLEEVE	80%	70%	80%	85%	75%	90%	70%	90%

<b>9. GEN.SERVIS &amp; FIRE P/P</b>								
IMPELLER	50%	50%	55%	45%	30%	70%	50%	50%
SHAFT	50%	50%	70%	30%	45%	55%	50%	50%
MECHANICAL SEALS	80%	90%	70%	90%	70%	80%	85%	75%
MOUTH RINGS	80%	70%	80%	85%	75%	90%	70%	90%
CASING RINGS	80%	90%	70%	80%	85%	75%	90%	70%
SHAFT SLEEVES	80%	75%	85%	90%	70%	80%	70%	90%

<b>10. PISTON BILGE PUMP</b>								
PISTON	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%
LINER	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%
PISTON RINGS	80%	70%	90%	75%	85%	80%	70%	90%
SUCTION VALVES	80%	80%	70%	90%	70%	90%	75%	85%
DELIVERY VALVES	80%	70%	90%	70%	90%	75%	85%	80%
BEARINGS	80%	90%	70%	90%	75%	85%	80%	70%

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<b>11. EVAP. EJECTOR PUMP</b>								
IMPELLER	35%	37%	32%	40%	30%	32%	37%	35%
SHAFT	35%	32%	40%	30%	32%	37%	35%	37%
MECHANICAL SEALS	75%	70%	80%	77%	73%	75%	72%	78%
<b>12. M/E BOOSTER PUMP</b>								
GEAR SET	25%	20%	27%	30%	28%	22%	23%	25%
BEARINGS	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
<b>13. BOILER F.O. BURN PUMP</b>								
MECHANICAL SEALS	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
BEARINGS	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
<b>14. EMERG. FIRE PUMP</b>								
IMPELLER	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%
SHAFT	50%	50%	70%	30%	45%	55%	50%	50%
MECHANICAL SEALS	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
MOUTH RINGS	100%	80%	100%	120%	90%	110%	100%	100%
SHAFT SLEEVES	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
<b>15. BALLAST PUMP</b>								
IMPELLER	50%	50%	55%	45%	30%	70%	50%	50%
SHAFT	50%	30%	55%	50%	50%	70%	50%	45%
MECHANICAL SEALS	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
MOUTH RINGS	100%	80%	100%	120%	90%	110%	100%	100%
SHAFT SLEEVES	100%	110%	100%	100%	100%	80%	120%	90%
BEARINGS	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
<b>16. HYDR. PUMP/MOTOR FOR DECK MACHINERY</b>								
HYDRAULIC P/P COMPL.	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
HYDRAULIC MOTOR COMPL.	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
PISTON / VANES	5%	5%	3%	2%	10%	3%	7%	5%
MECHANICAL SEALS	100%	90%	90%	80%	100%	110%	110%	120%
BEARINGS	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
<b>17. DECK CRANES</b>								
HYDR. P/P FOR HOISTING	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
DOUBLE GEAR P/P FOR LUFF.	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
HYDR. P/P FOR SLEWING	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
HYDR. MOTOR FOR HOISTING	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
HYDR. MOTOR FOR SLEWING	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
ROTARY GROUP	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
TRIPLE GEAR P/P	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
ROLLER BEARINGS	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
CABLE	10%	12%	10%	10%	7%	13%	10%	8%

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**NAVIGATION / COMM.  
EQUIPMENT**

<b>1. NAVIGATION - COMM. EQUIP.</b>								
NAVIGATION LIGHT BUILBS	5%	10%	2%	3%	5%	5%	7%	3%
ALDIS LAMP SPARE BUILBS	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0%	0%	0%
<b>2. RADAR</b>								
CARBON BRUSHES FOR SCANNER DRIVE MOTOR	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
MAGNETRON TUBE FOR No1 RADAR	40%	45%	35%	42%	38%	40%	40%	40%
MAGNETRON TUBE FOR No2 RADAR	40%	35%	42%	38%	40%	40%	40%	45%
MODULATOR TUBE FOR No1 RADAR	40%	42%	38%	40%	40%	40%	45%	35%
MODULATOR TUBE FOR No2 RADAR	40%	38%	40%	40%	40%	45%	35%	42%
MIYER DIODES	21%	25%	20%	22%	18%	17%	23%	25%
FUSES	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
ILLUMINATION LAMPS	20%	25%	20%	15%	22%	18%	17%	23%
<b>3. GYROCOMPASS</b>								
ILLUMINATION LAMPS FOR GYROREPEATERS	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
VARIOUS FUSES	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
GYROSHERE	20%	22%	15%	20%	25%	23%	17%	18%
<b>4. GMDSS</b>								
FURUNO, RELAY 24V DC, BATT, CHARGED	14%	14%	16%	12%	10%	18%	13%	15%
FURUNO, BRIDGE RECTIFIER BATT. CHARGER	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
ILLUMINATION LAMPS	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%
<b>5. INMARSAT A / B</b>								
INMARSAT A / B , AZIMOUTH BELT FOR ANTENNA	20%	17%	18%	22%	15%	20%	25%	23%
INMARSAT A / B , ELEVATION BELT FOR ANTENNA	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%
VARIOUS FUSES	100%	100%	120%	90%	110%	100%	100%	80%

<b>6. RADIO BATTERIES</b>									
BATTERIES	<b>25%</b>	25%	20%	27%	30%	23%	22%	28%	
<b>7. E.P.I.R.B.</b>									
E.P.I.R.B.	<b>25%</b>	28%	22%	23%	30%	27%	20%	25%	
<b>8. G.P.S.</b>									
G.P.S.	<b>25%</b>	27%	30%	23%	22%	28%	25%	20%	

(Table No 5, Replacement Percentage, App.[6])

On this *Table No 5*, S.E.1, S.E.2, S.E.3, S.E.4, S.E.5 are the Superintendent Engineers, and CE1, CE2 are the Chief Engineers.

At this point we will try to explain what we mean "Total Average of Replacement At every Overhauling" and how we can calculate it. We have tried to collect information about the percentage replacement, from experienced Superintendent Engineers (total number: "5") and Chief Engineers (total number: "2") in the Shipping Company. For more details about each questionnaire, we can study the *Appendix No 6*. Our purpose is to find out the average of prices for replacement at every overhaul, so that we can use them for the calculation of total pieces needed for the 5-years interval.

By using two accidental examples (**green marks**) of calculations from the above *Table (No 5)*, we can observe that:

- For the "MAIN ENGINE" the Piston Crown needs **7%** replacement at every overhaul, where this 7% results from the average of the seven questionnaires (see Appendix No 6),

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (S.E.1+S.E.2+S.E.3+S.E.4+S.E.5+C.E.1+C.E.2) \div 7 = \\
 & ( 7 + 7 + 10 + 4 + 9 + 5 + 7 ) \div 7 = \\
 & \quad 49 \qquad \qquad \qquad \div 7 = \\
 & \quad 7 \rightarrow 7\%
 \end{aligned}$$



, where this means that the 7% of the Piston Crown needs replacement at every 16,000 running hours (see page 29 -Guiding Overhaul Intervals- in Appendix No 5). As we can observe, the range is "between" 12,000h to 16,000h but we choose the 16,000h from the list "Total Average of Running Hours as Per Experience" (see Appendix No 7), as it results from the 7 questionnaires (see Appendix No 6).



(Photo No 4, Overhauling of Piston Crown at Vessel M/V SEABOSS, Ref.[17])

- For the "DIESEL GENERATOR" the Piston Head needs **5%** replacement at every overhaul, where this 5% results from the average of the seven questionnaires (see also Appendix No 6)

$$\begin{aligned} & (S.E.1+S.E.2+S.E.3+S.E.4+S.E.5+C.E.1+C.E.2) \div 7 = \\ & ( 5 + 3 + 2 + 12 + 3 + 5 + 5 ) \div 7 = \\ & \quad 35 \quad \quad \quad \div 7 = \\ & \quad 5 \rightarrow \mathbf{5\%} \end{aligned}$$

, where it means that the 5% of the Piston Head needs replacement at every 10,000 running hours (see page 32-Maintenance Checking- also in Appendix No 5). As we can observe, the range is between 2~3 yr. or 8,000h to 10,000h but we choose the 10,000h from the list "Total Average of Running Hours as Per Experience" (see Appendix No 7), as it results from the 7 questionnaires. So, the final Table No5 results from the above procedure.

Some spares need additional particulars, besides the MAKER, TYPE, SERIAL, NUMBER, DRAWING NO, and PART NUMBER.

To avoid long messages for this additional information, the Chief Engineer, when preparing a requisition, is to use the following codes for such parts and their relevant information.

Such spares are:

- Fuel oil injection pumps
- Fuel oil injection valves
- M/E cylinder liners
- Gears
- Governors
- Turbochargers
- D/G pistons
- Pistons rings
- Filters
- Thermometers/pyrometers/ tachometers
- Impellers
- Electrical spares

**CHAPTER No 5**

**Associated Costs**

The prices of the cheapest suppliers and most expensive makers result from the corresponding department of the "Thenamaris", Shipping Company (Purchasing Department), which has the total number of prices of the suppliers on a data form.

THENAMARIS (SHIPS MANAGEMENT) INC		SPARES PRICE QUOTATION				ISSUED: 09/07/2007 11:50	
SPARES		ANALYSIS TABLE				PAGE 1	
REQ NR VUL884 VESSEL ISABELLA		DATE 01/07/2007 E - ENGINE SPARES		*** FULL ***		(SORTED)	
SUPPLIER		CH010	HC470	FR130	B2380		
		CAPE LINE LTD	HYUNDAI ENGINE	SAMSUNG-PILS C	MAN DIESEL HEL		
		KOREA	NETHERLANDS	KOREA	SRECCP		
SEQ CODE	NUM WORK	QTY	PRICE	PRICE	PRICE	PRICE	PRICE
D/ALT. ENGINE		MAN B&W/HYUNDAI		6L23/30			
FUEL INJ. VALVE(INIC)		MAN B&W/HYUNDAI		PI 31104-01P			
1082400 /1		3 PCS	398.20 10 D	403.75 5 V	481.10 10 D	6529.82 6 V	
FUEL INJECTION VALVE ASS Y/INO			1185.60	1211.25	1916.73	3491.88	
ID-623F/1/53010			1185.60	1211.25	1916.73	3491.88	
*****							
=OSC=		3 VJ	3 VK	4 VL	3 VM	2 VT	3 VV
Items 1							
RATE			1.00000	1.00000	75300	5.61000	
DISCOUNT			5.00%	15.00%	0.00%	18.00%	
PARTIAL TOTAL							
COMPLETE TOTAL			1185.60US\$	1211.25US\$	1443.30EUR	19589.46DKR	
			1185.60\$	1211.25\$	1916.73\$	3491.88\$	
TOTALS FOR COMPARABLE ITEMS			1185.60US\$	1211.25US\$	1443.30EUR	19589.46DKR	
			1185.60\$	1211.25\$	1916.73\$	3491.88\$	
*****							
SPLIT ORDER TOTAL		1185.60\$ /	3491.88\$				
VESSEL'S PRESENT POSITION						APPROVED BY TECHNICAL	
VESSEL'S PROSPECTIVE VOYAGE						NAME ----- DATE --/--/--	
REMARKS							
BUDGET FOR 2007							
ACTUAL RUNNING EXPENS		38,361					
PER % DEVIATION		%					
SPARES REQUESTED		40,259					
ORDERS SUMMARY 102		842					

(Fig. No10, Analysis Table – Spare Price Quotations, App.[8])



We observe the above table “*Analysis Table*” of the four suppliers, the shipping company has selected (CH010, HC470, PF130, B2380) in order to get the “Fuel Injection Valve Ass’y”.

Moreover, every supplier offers the corresponding rate discount, which together with the basic price of the spare part is assessed by the Technical Department of the Shipping Company. Finally, thanks to this *Analysis Table*, we have in our hands, a split order total, which in our example the price is 1,185.60\$ / 3,491.88\$. This means that the best solution is to order the specific item from Korea (Cape Line LTD) instead of Greece (Man Diesel HEL), as the difference between these two prices is approximately  $\approx 2,306.28\$$  ( $= 3,491.88\$ - 1,185.60\$$ ). For a more analytical observation we can see the *Appendix No 8*.

Moreover, concerning the choice of the two suppliers, the exact position of our vessel must be taken into account, as the transport expenses play an important role in the final decision of which supplier we are going to choose.

In particular, if our vessel is in Europe, then it is profitable to order the spare item from the Netherlands (Hyundai Engine), as it costs 1,211.25\$. So the transport expenses will be much fewer than Korea. On the contrary, if the vessel is in Asia, then it is much more preferable to choose the Cape Line LTD than the Korean supplier. Therefore, we must examine the most economical ways of sending the items to the specific ports, before their arrival at the vessel.

The above procedure of choice applies to all spare parts with the view to achieving the best possible delivery time based on economical issues. We will try to collect all the information about the prices, after getting the Shipping Company’s permission, in order to gather the appropriate results between the cheapest supplier and the most expensive maker.

**CHAPTER No 6****Results**

<b><u>SPARE PART NAME</u></b>	<b><u>CHEAPEST SUPPLIES</u></b>	<b><u>MAKER</u></b>	<b><u>TOTAL</u></b>	<b><u>TOTAL</u></b>
	<b><u>UNIT PRICE (\$)</u></b>	<b><u>UNIT PRICE (\$)</u></b>	<b><u>CHEAPEST SUPPLIERS (\$)</u></b>	<b><u>MAKERS (\$)</u></b>

**MAIN ENGINE**

<b>1. CYLINDER COVER</b>				
CYL. COVER	30,520	31,237	0	0
<b>2. PISTON W/ROD</b>				
PISTON ROD	4,500	17,301	4,500	17,301
PISTON CROWN	4,661	8,136	4,661	8,136
PISTON SKIRT	527	2,013	0	0
PISTON RINGS	218	744	3,052	10,416
TELESCOPIC PIPES	750	1,050	750	1,050
<b>3. CYLINDER LINER</b>				
CYL. LINER	5,500	6,668	0	0
CYL. COOLING JACKET	3,595	6,149	3,595	6,149
<b>4. CONN. ROD &amp; CROSSHEAD</b>				
CROSSHEAD PIN	4,500	5,508	0	0
CROSSHEAD BEARINGS (SET)	1,917	4,235	0	0
CRANKPIN BEARINGS (SET)	2,250	4,282	0	0
<b>5. MAIN BEARING</b>				
MAIN BEARING	2,045	4,050	0	0
<b>6. EXHAUST V/V</b>				
EXH. V/V COMPLETE	8,200	9,500	8,200	9,500
EXH. SPINDLE	3,182	4,292	19,092	25,752
EXH. SEAT	909	1,537	5,454	9,222
<b>7. FUEL V/V</b>				
FUEL V/V COMPL.	682	868	1,364	1,736
FUEL V/V NOZZLES	610	759	6,710	8,349
FUEL V/V GUIDE	727	876	7,997	9,636

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<b>8. STARTING V/V</b>				
STARTING V/V COMPL.	1,420	3,150	1,420	3,150
<b>9. RELIEF V/V</b>				
RELIEF V/V COMPL.	1,297	1,301	1,297	1,301
<b>10. FUEL P/P</b>				
FUEL P/P COMP.	13,200	16,910	13,200	16,910
FUEL P/P BLOCK ONLY	7,200	8,500	7,200	8,500
FUEL P/P PLUNGER - BAREL	1,033	1,352	2,066	2,704
<b>11. THRUST BEARINGS</b>				
THRUST BRNG PADS	1,450	2,050	0	0
W/SENSOR POCKETS	1,540	2,280	0	0
<b>12. CAMSHAFT BEARING</b>				
CAMSHAFT BRNGS	932	2,223	0	0
<b>13. CAMSHAFT</b>				
FUEL P/P CAMS	1,388	2,865	0	0
EXH. V/V CAMS	1,068	2,398	0	0
<b>14. INDICATING PUMP</b>				
INDICATOR V/V COMPLETE	571	695	1,713	2,085
<b>15. CYL. LUBRICATING PUMP</b>				
CYL. LUBR. P/P COMPL. SET	4,800	6,900	4,800	6,900
CYL. LUBR. P/P ELEMENTS	18	25	558	775
<b>16. TURBOCHARGER</b>				
T/C ROTOR COMPL.	208,498	236,998	0	0
T/C BEARING BLOWER	160	345	480	1,035
T/C BEARING TURBINE	184	186	552	558
T/C CASING (OUTLET)	58,500	68,653	0	0
T/C CASING (INLET)	49,000	58,000	0	0
<b>17. M/E GOVERNOR</b>				
M/E GOVERNOR COMPL.	5,500	6,850	0	0
<b>18. M/E AIR COOLER</b>				
M/E AIR COOLER COMPL.	6,200	8,058	0	0
			<b>98,661</b>	<b>151,165</b>

**DIESEL GENERATORS**

<b>1. PISTON &amp; CONN. ROD</b>				
PISTON HEAD	548	2,432	1,096	4,864
PISTON PIN	55	666	165	1,998
PISTON PIN BUSH	120	315	360	945
PISTON RINGS	22	153	2,794	19,431
<b>2. CONN. ROD</b>				
CONN. ROD	1,093	1,339	4,372	5,356
CONN. ROD BOLTS	36	79	324	711
CRANKPIN BEARING SET	390	981	1,950	4,905
<b>3. CYLINDER LINER</b>				
CYLINDER LINERS	238	1,462	238	1,462
<b>4. CYLINDER HEAD</b>				
CYL. COVERS	804	1,641	3,216	6,564
<b>5. INLET V/V</b>				
INLET V/V SEATS	17	123	272	1,968
INLET V/V SPINDLES	70	215	1,120	3,440
<b>6. EXHAUST V/V</b>				
EXH. V/V SEATS	85	175	1,360	2,800
EXH. V/V SPINDLES	89	318	1,424	5,088
<b>7. FUEL VALVES</b>				
FUEL V/V COMPL.	50	300	2,000	12,000
FUEL V/V NOZZLES	30	150	1,200	6,000
<b>8. INDICATOR &amp; SAFETY V/V</b>				
SAFETY VALVES	14	180	70	900
INDICATOR VALVES	38	220	190	1,100
<b>9. STARTING VALVE</b>				
TURBOSTATER COMPLETE	4,500	4,500	0	0
SERVICE KIT FOR TURBO STATER COMPLETE	800	1,400	800	1,400
<b>10. VALVE ROTATOR</b>				
ROTATOR COMPL.	150	1,143	1,950	14,859
<b>11. V/V OPERATING DEVICE</b>				
INLET V/V ROCKER ARMS	23	440	115	2,200

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EXH. V/V ROCKER ARMS	23	440	115	2,200
<b>12. FUEL PUMPS</b>				
FUEL P/P COMPL.	188	435	376	870
FUEL P/P PLUNGER & BARREL	28	105	112	420
<b>13. CRANKSHAFT</b>				
CRANKSHAFT	9,210	62,000	0	0
<b>14. MAIN BEARINGS</b>				
MAIN BEARING SET	410	990	0	0
THRUST BEARING SET	502	580	0	0
<b>15. CAMSHAFT</b>				
CAMSHAFT	15,000	25,000	0	0
FUEL V/V CAMS	525	1,950	0	0
INLET V/V CAMS	507	1,850	0	0
EXHAUST V/V CAMS	508	1,850	0	0
CAMSHAFT BRNG SET	45	220	0	0
<b>16. TURBOCHARGER</b>				
T/C ROTOR COMPL.	17,350	19,908	0	0
T/C ROTOR	1,370	19,284	0	0
T/C CASINGS	1,552	5,458	0	0
T/C BEARING (BLOWER SIDE)	203	1,399	812	5,596
T/C BEARING (TURBINE SIDE)	76	467	0	0
<b>17. G/E GOVERNOR</b>				
GOVERNOR COMPLETE	2,690	3,317	0	0
<b>18. LUBRICATING OIL P.P</b>				
GEAR SET	60	322	0	0
BEARINGS	5	7	15	21
<b>19. COOLING WATER P/P</b>				
IMPELLER	80	834	160	1,668
SHAFT	65	575	65	575
MECHANICAL SEALS	3	5	3	5
MOUTH RINGS	3	18	3	18
			<b>26,981</b>	<b>111,232</b>



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### EMERGENCY DIESEL

<b>1. GENERATOR</b>				
PISTON RINGS	18	97	18	97
NOZZLES	22	115	22	115
FUEL FILTER ELEMENT	14	42	14	42
LUB. OIL FILTER ELEMENT	19	37	19	37
MAIN BEARING	235	650	0	0
CRANKPIN BEARING	225	630	0	0
F.O. INJ. P/P PLUNGER W/BARREL	25	95	0	0

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### VARIOUS MACHINERY

<b>1. H.F.O. SEPARATOR</b>				
BOWL SPINDLE	264	1,395	1,056	5,580
FRICTION BLOCK	36	45	324	405

<b>2. L.O. SEPARATOR</b>				
BOWL SPINDLE	268	1,040	1,072	4,160
FROCTION BLOCK	12	37	108	333

<b>3. BOILER - F.O. BURNER &amp; ACCESS</b>				
F.O. ATOMISER	66	165	66	165
D.O. ATOMISER	14	17	14	17
FLAME EYE	48	50	0	0
FLAME DETECTOR	187	398	0	0
FIRING ELECTRODES	23	30	23	30
MANHOLE GASKETS	25	41	25	41
WATER LEVEL GAUGES	115	297	115	297

<b>4. MAIN COMPRESSOR</b>				
PISTON (STAGE I/LP)	191	193	191	193
PISTON (STAGE II/HP)	91	113	91	113
PISTON RINGS (I/LP)	8	12	8	12
PISTON RINGS (II/HP)	7	9	7	9
CYL. BLOCK	4,200	5,100	0	0
CYL. HEAD	2,632	2,726	0	0
CON. ROD (LP-HP)	391	1,498	0	0
MAIN BEARING (FLYWH SIDE)	68	121	68	121
MAIN BEARING (VENT-SIDE)	68	121	68	121
CON. ROD BEARINGS	104	189	104	189

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SUCT V/V (STAGE I/LP)	222	233	222	233
DELY V/V (STAGE I/LP)	222	233	222	233
SUCT V/V (STAGE II/LP)	155	161	155	161
DELY V/V (STAGE II/LP)	155	161	155	161

<b>5. PROPELLER &amp; SHAFTING</b>				
PROPELLER	162,000	185,000	0	0
PROPELLER SHAFT	97,000	105,000	0	0
SIMPLEX SEALS FWD	4,499	4,860	4,499	4,860
SIMPLEX SEALS AFT	6,759	6,997	6,759	6,997
SIMPLEX LINER FWD	4,578	5,085	4,578	5,085
SIMPLEX LINER AFT	6,791	7,406	6,791	7,406

<b>6. RUDDER</b>				
RUDDER PINTLE BUSH	367	1,000	367	1,000
UPPER				
RUDDER PINTLE BUSH	290	389	290	389
LOWER				

<b>7. ANCHOR</b>				
ANCHOR	6,600	7,500	0	0
ANCHOR SWIVELS	1,650	1,950	1,650	1,950
ANCHOR KENTER SHA	395	750	395	750
ANCHOR D SHACKLES	215	1,555	215	1,555

<b>29,638</b>	<b>42,566</b>
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### VARIOUS PUMPS

<b>1. STEER GEAR HYDR. P/P</b>				
PISTONS / VANES	38	49	76	98
SUCTION V/V			0	0
OIL SEALS	14	18	14	18

<b>2. M/E L.O. PUMP</b>				
MECHANICAL OIL SEALS	113	115	226	230
BEARINGS	21	32	42	64

<b>3. STERN TUBE L.O. P/P</b>				
BEARINGS	6	8	24	32

<b>4. JACKET COOL F.W. PUMP</b>				
IMPELLER	88	950	88	950
SHAFT	240	1,250	240	1,250

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MOUTH RINGS	73	90	219	270
SHAFT SLEEVES	77	120	154	240

<b>5. CENTRAL COOL F.W. P/P</b>				
IMPELLER	86	920	172	1,840
SHAFT	220	1,160	440	2,320
MOUTH RINGS	65	82	325	410
SHAFT SLEEVES	70	105	210	315

<b>6. EVAPOR. DISTILLED PUMP</b>				
IMPELLER	74	540	74	540
SHAFT	163	1,018	163	1,018
MECHANICAL SEALS	70	350	70	350

<b>7. CENTRIFICAL BOILER FEED PUMP</b>				
IMPELLER	85	850	85	850
SHAFT	228	893	228	893
MOUTH RINGS	30	103	120	412
CASING RINGS	24	67	48	134
SHAFT SLEEVES	63	313	252	1,252

<b>8. MAIN S.W. COOL PUMP</b>				
IMPELLER	91	1,025	182	2,050
SHAFT	252	1,362	504	2,724
MECHANICAL SEAL	105	950	420	3,800
MOUTH RING	81	349	648	2,792
SHAFT SLEEVE	92	428	368	1,712

<b>9. GEN.SERVIS &amp; FIRE P/P</b>				
IMPELLER	89	1,002	89	1,002
SHAFT	240	1,170	240	1,170
MECHANICAL SEALS	110	980	110	980
MOUTH RINGS	72	330	72	330
CASING RINGS	21	106	21	106
SHAFT SLEEVES	59	328	59	328

<b>10. PISTON BILGE PUMP</b>				
PISTON	498	850	498	850
LINER	510	1,050	510	1,050
PISTON RINGS	9	14	9	14
SUCTION VALVES	225	248	225	248
DELIVERY VALVES	225	248	225	248
BEARINGS	14	16	14	16

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<b>11. EVAP. EJECTOR PUMP</b>				
IMPELLER	172	199	172	199
SHAFT	69	88	69	88
MECHANICAL SEALS	58	280	116	560

<b>12. M/E BOOSTER PUMP</b>				
GAER SET	613	5,531	613	5,531
BEARINGS	12	14	96	112

<b>13. BOILER F.O. BURN PUMP</b>				
MECHANICAL SEALS	15	45	15	45
BEARINGS	5	8	5	8

<b>14. EMERG. FIRE PUMP</b>				
IMPELLER	850	1,350	850	1,350
SHAFT	610	712	610	712
MECHANICAL SEALS	75	320	75	320
MOUTH RINGS	102	107	204	214
SHAFT SLEEVES	87	280	87	280

<b>15. BALLAST PUMP</b>				
IMPELLER	185	1,442	185	1,442
SHAFT	161	1,125	161	1,125
MECHANICAL SEALS	102	890	102	890
MOUTH RINGS	120	150	120	150
SHAFT SLEEVES	100	130	100	130
BEARINGS	18	29	18	29

<b>16. HYDR. PUMP/MOTOR FOR DECK MACHINERY</b>				
HYDRAULIC P/P COMPL.	10,200	16,200	0	0
HYDRAULIC MOTOR COMPL.	9,756	15,321	0	0
PISTON / VANES	42	55	42	55
MECHANICAL SEALS	120	950	120	950
BEARINGS	235	410	470	820

<b>17. DECK CRANES</b>				
HYDR. P/P FOR HOISTING	6,250	9,722	0	0
DOUBLE GEAR P/P FOR LUFFING	1,785	9,270	0	0
HYDR. P/P FOR SLEWING	4,545	9,519	0	0
HYDR. MOTOR FOR HOISTING	3,205	8,173	0	0
HYDR. MOTOR FOR SLEWING	1,785	9,902	0	0
ROTARY GROUP	1,818	5,375	0	0

A case study on the spare parts requirement for a  
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TRIPLE GEAR P/P	750	3,205	0	0
ROLLER BEARINGS	911	984	0	0
CABLE	2,271	2,300	2,271	2,300
			<b>13.965</b>	<b>50.216</b>

### NAVIGATION / COMM.EQUIPMENT

<b>1. NAVIGATION - COMM. EQUIP.</b>				
NAVIGATION LIGHT BUILBS	18	20	36	40
ALDIS LAMP SPARE BUILBS	35	40	0	0

<b>2. RADAR</b>				
CARBON BRUSHES FOR SCANNER DRIVE MOTOR	60	70	0	0
MAGNETRON TUBE FOR No1 RADAR	450	1,700	900	3,400
MAGNETRON TUBE FOR No2 RADAR	450	1,700	900	3,400
MODULATOR TUBE FOR No1 RADAR	480	520	960	1,040
MODULATOR TUBE FOR No2 RADAR	480	520	960	1,040
MIYER DIODES	4	5	16	20
FUSES	4	5	200	250
ILLUMINATION LAMPS	2.5	3	15	18

<b>3. GYROCOMPASS</b>				
ILLUMINATION LAMPS FOR GYROREPEATERS	9	10	0	0
VARIOUS FUSES	4	5	240	300
GYROSPHERE	4,000	6,000	4,000	6,000

<b>4. GMDSS</b>				
FURUNO, RELAY 24V	42	50	210	250
FURUNO, BRIDGE RECTIFIER BATT. CHARGER	160	180	0	0
ILLUMINATION LAMPS	14	20	84	120

<b>5. INMARSAT A / B</b>				
INMARSAT A / B , AZIMOUTH BELT FOR ANTENNA	70	150	70	150
INMARSAT A / B , ELEVATION BELT FOR ANTENNA	70	150	70	150
VARIOUS FUSES	4	5	200	250

<b>6. RADIO BATTERIES</b>				
BATTERIES	500	1,600	1,500	4,800

A case study on the spare parts requirement for a  
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<b>7. E.P.I.R.B.</b>				
E.P.I.R.B.	1,000	1,500	2,000	3,000
<b>8. G.P.S.</b>				
G.P.S.	1,000	1,500	3,000	4,500
			15,361	28,728

(Table No6, Results from the Associated Costs)

We plot out all above on a spreadsheet in order to sum up the total costs. At this point we have to explain how we calculate the “Total Cheapest Suppliers” and “Total Makers” by using two examples of calculations (green marks).

First of all, we have to clarify the basic calculations for the “MAIN ENGINE” and the “DIESEL GENERATOR”.

- The “Main Engine” works over 5 years:
  - Approximately it works 19 hours per day  $\rightarrow 19 \times 365 = 6,935 \approx \underline{7,000}$  hours per year. Therefore,  
 $7,000 \times 5 = \underline{35,000}$  hours over five years.
  - In order to calculate how many total pieces are need for the 5-years interval, we have:  
(Total hours over 5 years  $\div$  Makers recommended overhauling interval)  $\times$  (Replacement percentage at every overhaul)  $\times$  (Working pcs-set). So,  
 $(35,000 \div 16,000) \times 7\% \times 6 = 2.1875 \times 0.07 \times 6 = \underline{0.91875}$   
But as it is not possible to order 0.91875 of Piston Crown; therefore, we make it an integer (always positive values):  $0,91875 \rightarrow \underline{1}$  piece of Piston Crown, needed at 5-years interval.
  - Total from Cheapest Suppliers:  $1 \times 4,661\$ = \underline{4,661\$}$   
Total Makers:  $1 \times 8,136\$ = \underline{8,136\$}$

For a more analytical observation we can see the *Final Table No 8*.

- The “Diesel Generator” works over 5 years:
  - It works 24 hours per day  $\rightarrow 24 \times 365 = \underline{8,760}$  hours per year.  
But in the vessel, it is unlikely to work with only one Diesel Generator, due to maneuvering or the importation and exportation in the port and so on.

Therefore, we estimate that the average working Diesel Generators over 5 years, is 1.2 (From Technicians' experience)

So,

$8,760 \times 1.2 = 10,512$  hours per year. Therefore,

$10,512 \times 5 = \mathbf{52,560}$  hours over 5 years

- To calculate how many total pieces are needed for the 5-years interval, we have:

$[(\text{Total hours over 5 year} \div \text{Makers recommended overhauling interval}) \div 3]$   
 $\times (\text{Replacement percentage at every overhaul}) \times (\text{Working pcs-set})$ . So,

$[(52,560 \div 10,000) \div 3] \times 5\% \times 18 = \mathbf{1.5768}$

↓

(We divide by 3 because we have 3 diesel generators)

But as it is not possible to order 1.5768 of Piston Head; therefore, we make it an integer (always positive values):  $1.5768 \rightarrow \mathbf{2}$  pieces of Piston Head needed for the 5-years interval.

- Total from Cheapest Suppliers:  $2 \times 548\$ = \mathbf{1,096\$}$   
Total Makers:  $2 \times 2,432\$ = \mathbf{4,864\$}$

For a more analytical observation we can see also the *Final Table No 8*.

Below we can observe the comparison between the cheapest supplier and the most expensive maker from the *Table No 6*.

SPARES	TOTAL CHEAPEST SUPPLIERS (\$)	TOTAL MAKERS (\$)
<u>MAIN ENGINE</u>	98,661	151,165
<u>DIESEL GENERATORS</u>	26,981	111,232
<u>EMERGENCY DIESEL</u>	73	291
<u>VARIOUS MACHINERY</u>	29,638	42,566
<u>VARIOUS PUMPS</u>	13,965	50,216
<u>NAVIGATION / COMM.EQUIPMENT</u>	15,361	28,728
	<b>184,679</b>	<b>384,198</b>

(Table No 7, Total Sums Between Cheapest Suppliers and the Most Expensive Makers)

As we can see from the total sums between the cheapest suppliers and the most expensive makers, the difference is **199,519\$** (384,198\$ – 184,679\$).

We have to specify that some of the selections, between supplier and maker, hide one risk, as we can observe on the following table in the last column. Therefore, our technical experience says that we can combine the cheapest spare parts with the most expensive ones and make very clear thoughts and choices in order to prevent any mistake, which will cost us a lot of money.

At this point, we have to mention that sometimes when the cheapest suppliers save money this may involve great profits on the part of the ship-owner and in particular when the latter possesses a lot of vessels. On the other hand, most of the times we select no original items from the cheapest suppliers but we run the risk of their not functioning as well as being inefficient.



Therefore, in the Technical Department the experienced technical staff of the Shipping Company, is in the position to know which machinery parts are less efficient as far as their function is concerned.

In our project, we are making an attempt to classify which spare parts we can obtain from the cheapest suppliers in contrast to makers and vice versa. This idea, undoubtedly, may lead to a serious problem concerning the choice of items, which is not a common practice, as it does not apply to all vessels and shipping companies, as well.

Below we can observe the *FINAL spreadsheet* recommended to managers with 5-year total cost requirements on spare parts for their budgeting efforts. We can see from the Final List the most important machinery parts in the vessel (from the "Main Engine", "Diesel Generators", "Emergency Generator", "Various Machinery", "Various Pumps" and the "Navigation-Communication Equipment"). In addition we can see the total number working pieces/set for each machinery part. Finally, we create one list (Risk) on the right hand side, as it results from the "Risk Supplier" vertical list, where "Y" it means that we will take the risk of the cheapest supplier. ("Y" → "YES")

<u>SPARE PART NAME</u>	<u>WORKING PCS/SET</u>	<u>MAKER'S RECOMMEND OVERHAULING INTERVAL</u>	<u>REPLACEMENT PERCENTAGE AT EVERY OVERHAUL</u>	<u>TOTAL PIECES NEEDED AT A 5- YEARS INTERVAL</u>	<u>INTEGER</u> -	<u>CHEAPEST SUPPLIES UNIT PRICE (\$)</u>	<u>MAKER UNIT PRICE (\$)</u>	<u>RISK SUPPLIER</u>	<u>TOTAL CHEAPEST SUPPLIERS (\$)</u>	<u>TOTAL MAKERS (\$)</u>	<u>RISK (\$)</u>
<b>MAIN ENGINE</b>											
<b>1. CYLINDER COVER</b>											
CYL. COVER	6	16,000	0%	0.0000	0	30,520	31,237		0	0	0
<b>2. PISTON W/ROD</b>											
PISTON ROD	6	16,000	7%	0.9188	1	4,500	17,301		4,500	17,301	17,301
<b>PISTON CROWN</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>16,000</b>	<b>7%</b>	<b>0.9188</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>4,661</b>	<b>8,136</b>	<b>Y</b>	<b>4,661</b>	<b>8,136</b>	<b>4,661</b>
PISTON SKIRT	6	16,000	0%	0.0000	0	527	2,013		0	0	0
PISTON RINGS	6	16,000	100%	13.1250	14	218	744	Y	3,052	10,416	3,052
TELESCOPIC PIPES	6	16,000	5%	0.6563	1	750	1,050		750	1,050	1,050
<b>3. CYLINDER LINER</b>											
CYL. LINER	6	16,000	0%	0.0000	0	5,500	6,668		0	0	0
CYL. COOLING JACKET	6	16,000	4%	0.5250	1	3,595	6,149	Y	3,595	6,149	3,595
<b>4. CONN. ROD &amp; CROSSHEAD</b>											
CROSSHEAD PIN	6	35,000	0%	0.0000	0	4,500	5,508		0	0	0
CROSSHEAD BEARINGS (SET)	6	35,000	0%	0.0000	0	1,917	4,235		0	0	0
CRANKPIN BEARINGS (SET)	6	35,000	0%	0.0000	0	2,250	4,282		0	0	0

<b>5. MAIN BEARING</b>											
MAIN BEARING	6	35,000	0%	0.0000	0	2,045	4,050		0	0	0
<b>6. EXHAUST V/V</b>											
EXH. V/V COMPLETE	6	8,000	3%	0.7875	1	8,200	9,500		8,200	9,500	9,500
EXH. SPINDLE	6	8,000	20%	5.2500	6	3,182	4,292	Y	19,092	25,752	19,092
EXH. SEAT	6	8,000	20%	5.2500	6	909	1,537	Y	5,454	9,222	5,454
<b>7. FUEL V/V</b>											
FUEL V/V COMPL.	12	8,000	3%	1.5750	2	682	868		1,364	1,736	1,736
FUEL V/V NOZZLES	12	8,000	20%	10.5000	11	610	759		6,710	8,349	8,349
FUEL V/V GUIDE	12	8,000	20%	10.5000	11	727	876		7,997	9,636	9,636
<b>8. STARTING V/V</b>											
STARTING V/V COMPL.	6	8,000	3%	0.7875	1	1,420	3,150		1,420	3,150	3,150
<b>9. RELIEF V/V</b>											
RELIEF V/V COMPL.	6	8,000	3%	0.7875	1	1,297	1,301	Y	1,297	1,301	1,297
<b>10. FUEL P/P</b>											
FUEL P/P COMP.	6	35,000	2%	0.1200	1	13,200	16,910		13,200	16,910	16,910
FUEL P/P BLOCK ONLY	6	35,000	2%	0.1200	1	7,200	8,500		7,200	8,500	8,500
FUEL P/P PLUNGER - BAREL	6	35,000	25%	1.5000	2	1,033	1,352		2,066	2,704	2,704

<b>11. THRUST BEARINGS</b>											
THRUST BRNG PADS	7	35,000	0%	0.0000	0	1,450	2,050		0	0	0
W/SENSOR POCKETS	1	35,000	0%	0.0000	0	1,540	2,280		0	0	0
<b>12. CAMSHAFT BEARING</b>											
CAMSHAFT BRNGS	6	35,000	0%	0.0000	0	932	2,223		0	0	0
<b>13. CAMSHAFT</b>											
FUEL P/P CAMS	6	35,000	0%	0.0000	0	1,388	2,865		0	0	0
EXH. V/V CAMS	6	35,000	0%	0.0000	0	1,068	2,398		0	0	0
<b>14. INDICATING PUMP</b>											
INDICATOR V/V COMPLETE	6	8,000	10%	2.6250	3	571	695	Y	1,713	2,085	1,713
<b>15. CYL. LUBRICATING PUMP</b>											
CYL. LUBR. P/P COMPL. SET	2	25,000	1.5%	0.0420	1	4,800	6,900		4,800	6,900	6,900
CYL. LUBR. P/P ELEMENTS	36	5,000	12%	30.2400	31	18	25		558	775	775
<b>16. TURBOCHARGER</b>											
T/C ROTOR COMPL.	1	16,000	0%	0.0000	0	208,498	236,998		0	0	0
T/C BEARING BLOWER	1	16,000	100%	2.1875	3	160	345		480	1,035	1,035
T/C BEARING TURBINE	1	16,000	100%	2.1875	3	184	186		552	558	558
T/C CASING (OUTLET)	1	16,000	0%	0.0000	0	58,500	68,653		0	0	0
T/C CASING (INLET)	1	16,000	0%	0.0000	0	49,000	58,000		0	0	0

<b>17. M/E GOVERNOR</b>											
M/E GOVERNOR COMPL.	1	35,000	0%	0.0000	0	5,500	6,850		0	0	0
<b>18. M/E AIR COOLER</b>											
M/E AIR COOLER COMPL.	1	25,000	0%	0.0000	0	6,200	8,058	Y	0	0	0
									98,661	151,165	126,968

**DIESEL GENERATORS**

<b>1. PISTON &amp; CONN. ROD</b>											
<b>PISTON HEAD</b>	18	10,000	5%	1.5768	2	548	2,432	Y	1,096	4,864	1,096
PISTON PIN	18	10,000	8%	2.5229	3	55	666		165	1,998	1,998
PISTON PIN BUSH	18	10,000	8%	2.5229	3	120	315		360	945	945
PISTON RINGS	72	10,000	100%	126.1440	127	22	153		2,794	19,431	19,431
<b>2. CONN. ROD</b>											
CONN. ROD	18	10,000	12%	3.7843	4	1,093	1,339	Y	4,372	5,356	4,372
CONN. ROD BOLTS	36	10,000	14%	8.8301	9	36	79		324	711	711
CRANKPIN BEARING SET	18	10,000	15%	4.7304	5	390	981		1,950	4,905	4,905
<b>3. CYLINDER LINER</b>											
CYLINDER LINERS	18	10,000	3%	0.9461	1	238	1,462		238	1,462	1,462

<b>4. CYLINDER HEAD</b>											
CYL. COVERS	18	5,000	5%	3.1536	4	804	1,641	Y	3,216	6,564	3,216
<b>5. INLET V/V</b>											
INLET V/V SEATS	18	5,000	25%	15.7680	16	17	123		272	1,968	1,968
INLET V/V SPINDLES	18	5,000	25%	15.7680	16	70	215		1,120	3,440	3,440
<b>6. EXHAUST V/V</b>											
EXH. V/V SEATS	18	5,000	25%	15.7680	16	85	175		1,360	2,800	2,800
EXH. V/V SPINDLES	18	5,000	25%	15.7680	16	89	318		1,424	5,088	5,088
<b>7. FUEL VALVES</b>											
FUEL V/V COMPL.	18	2,000	25%	39.4200	40	50	300	Y	2,000	12,000	2,000
FUEL V/V NOZZLES	18	2,000	25%	39.4200	40	30	150	Y	1,200	6,000	1,200
<b>8. INDICATOR &amp; SAFETY V/V</b>											
SAFETY VALVES	18	5,000	7%	4.4150	5	14	180		70	900	900
INDICATOR VALVES	18	5,000	7%	4.4150	5	38	220	Y	190	1,100	190
<b>9. STARTING VALVE</b>											
TURBOSTATER COMPLETE	3	10,000	0%	0.0000	0	4,500	4,500		0	0	0
SERVICE KIT FOR TURBO STATER COMPLETE	3	10,000	10%	0.5256	1	800	1400	Y	800	1,400	800
<b>10. VALVE ROTATOR</b>											
ROTATOR COMPL.	72	10,000	10%	12,6144	13	150	1,14 3	Y	1,950	14.859	1,950

<b>11. V/V OPERATING DEVICE</b>											
INLET V/V ROCKER ARMS	18	5,000	7%	4.4150	5	23	440		115	2,200	2,200
EXH. V/V ROCKER ARMS	18	5,000	7%	4.4150	5	23	440		115	2,200	2,200
<b>12. FUEL PUMPS</b>											
FUEL P/P COMPL.	18	10,000	5%	1.5768	2	188	435	Y	376	870	376
FUEL P/P PLUNGER & BARREL	18	10,000	10%	3.1536	4	28	105		112	420	420
<b>13. CRANKSHAFT</b>											
CRANKSHAFT	3	10,000	0%	0.0000	0	9,210	62,000		0	0	0
<b>14. MAIN BEARINGS</b>											
MAIN BEARING SET	21	10,000	0%	0.0000	0	410	990		0	0	0
THRUST BEARING SET	6	10,000	0%	0.0000	0	502	580		0	0	0
<b>15. CAMSHAFT</b>											
CAMSHAFT	3	10,000	0%	0.0000	0	15,000	25,000		0	0	0
FUEL V/V CAMS	18	10,000	0%	0.0000	0	525	1,950		0	0	0
INLET V/V CAMS	18	10,000	0%	0.0000	0	507	1,850		0	0	0
EXHAUST V/V CAMS	18	10,000	0%	0.0000	0	508	1,850		0	0	0
CAMSHAFT BRNG SET	7	10,000	0%	0.0000	0	45	220		0	0	0
<b>16. TURBOCHARGER</b>											
T/C ROTOR COMPL.	3	5,000	0%	0.0000	0	17,350	19,908		0	0	0
T/C ROTOR	3	5,000	0%	0.0000	0	1,370	19,284		0	0	0

T/C CASINGS	3	5,000	0%	0.0000	0	1,552	5,458		0	0	0
T/C BEARING (BLOWER SIDE)	3	10,000	60%	3.1536	4	203	1,399		812	5,596	5,596
T/C BEARING (TURBINE SIDE)	3	10,000	60%	3.1536	0	76	467		304	1,868	1,868

**17. G/E GOVERNOR**

GOVERNOR COMPLETE	3	25,000	0%	0.0000	0	2,690	3,317		0	0	0
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**18. LUBRICATING OIL P.P**

GEAR SET	3	10,000	12%	0.6307	1	60	322		0	0	0
BEARINGS	12	10,000	12%	2.5229	3	5	7	Y	15	21	15

**19. COOLING WATER P/P**

IMPELLER	6	25,000	5%	0.2102	1	80	834		160	1,668	1,668
SHAFT	6	25,000	5%	0.2102	1	65	575		65	575	575
MECHANICAL SEALS	6	25,000	20%	0.8410	1	3	5	Y	3	5	3
MOUTH RINGS	6	25,000	20%	0.8410	1	3	18	Y	3	18	3

26.981

111.232

73.396

**EMERGENCY DIESEL****1. GENERATOR**

PISTON RINGS	18	3 YEARS	2%	0.6000	1	18	97		18	97	97
NOZZLES	6	1 YEAR	2%	0.0068	1	22	115	Y	22	115	22
FUEL FILTER ELEMENT	1	1 YEAR	5%	0.0029	1	14	42	Y	14	42	14
LUB. OIL FILTER ELEMENT	1	1 YEAR	5%	0.0029	1	19	37	Y	19	37	19



MAIN BEARING	7	3 YEARS	0%	0.0000	0	235	650		0	0	0
CRANKPIN BEARING	6	3 YEARS	0%	0.0000	0	225	630		0	0	0
F.O. INJ. P/P PLUNGER W/BARREL	6	3 YEARS	0%	0.0000	0	25	95		0	0	0

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**VARIOUS MACHINERY****1. H.F.O. SEPARATOR**

BOWL SPINDLE	2	1 YEAR	40%	4.0000	4	264	1,395		1,056	5,580	5,580
FRICTION BLOCK	3	1 YEAR	60%	9.0000	9	36	45	Y	324	405	324

**2. L.O. SEPARATOR**

BOWL SPINDLE	2	1 YEAR	40%	4.0000	4	268	1,040		1,072	4,160	4,160
FROCTION BLOCK	3	1 YEAR	60%	9.0000	9	12	37	Y	108	333	108

**3. BOILER - F.O. BURNER & ACCESS**

F.O. ATOMISER	1	3,000	25%	0.7500	1	66	165	Y	66	165	66
D.O. ATOMISER	1	3,000	25%	0.7500	1	14	17	Y	14	17	14
FLAME EYE	1	3,000	0%	0.0000	0	48	50		0	0	0
FLAME DETECTOR	1	3,000	0%	0.0000	0	187	398		0	0	0
FIRING ELECTRODES	1	3,000	20%	0.6000	1	23	30	Y	23	30	23
MANHOLE GASKETS	6	3 YEARS	40%	0.8219	1	25	41	Y	25	41	25
WATER LEVEL GAUGES	1	3 YEARS	10%	0.0342	1	115	297	Y	115	297	115

<b>4. MAIN COMPRESSOR</b>											
PISTON (STAGE I/LP)	2	5 YEARS	10%	0.0502	1	191	193		191	193	193
PISTON (STAGE II/HP)	2	5 YEARS	10%	0.0502	1	91	113		91	113	113
PISTON RINGS (I/LP)	8	5 YEARS	40%	0.8037	1	8	12		8	12	12
PISTON RINGS (II/HP)	8	5 YEARS	40%	0.8037	1	7	9		7	9	9
CYL. BLOCK	2	5 YEARS	0%	0.0000	0	4,200	5,100		0	0	0
CYL. HEAD	2	5 YEARS	0%	0.0000	0	2,632	2,726		0	0	0
CON. ROD (LP-HP)	4	5 YEARS	0%	0.0000	0	391	1,498		0	0	0
MAIN BEARING (FLYWH SIDE)	2	5 YEARS	10%	0.0502	1	68	121		68	121	121
MAIN BEARING (VENT-SIDE)	2	5 YEARS	10%	0.0502	1	68	121		68	121	121
CON. ROD BEARINGS	4	5 YEARS	10%	0.1005	1	104	189		104	189	189
SUCT V/V (STAGE I/LP)	2	5 YEARS	30%	0.1507	1	222	233		222	233	233
DELY V/V (STAGE I/LP)	2	5 YEARS	30%	0.1507	1	222	233		222	233	233
SUCT V/V (STAGE II/LP)	2	5 YEARS	30%	0.1507	1	155	161		155	161	161
DELY V/V (STAGE II/LP)	2	5 YEARS	30%	0.1507	1	155	161		155	161	161
<b>5. PROPELLER &amp; SHAFTING</b>											
PROPELLER	1	5 YEARS	0%	0.0000	0	162,000	185,000		0	0	0
PROPELLER SHAFT	1	5 YEARS	0%	0.0000	0	97,000	105,000		0	0	0
SIMPLEX SEALS FWD	1	5 YEARS	100%	0.7991	1	4,499	4,860		4,499	4,860	4,860
SIMPLEX SEALS AFT	1	5 YEARS	100%	0.7991	1	6,759	6,997		6,759	6,997	6,997
SIMPLEX LINER FWD	1	5 YEARS	50%	0.3995	1	4,578	5,085		4,578	5,085	5,085
SIMPLEX LINER AFT	1	5 YEARS	50%	0.3995	1	6,791	7,406		6,791	7,406	7,406

<b>6. RUDDER</b>											
RUDDER PINTLE BUSH	1	5 YEARS	100%	0.7991	1	367	1,000	Y	367	1,000	367
UPPER											
RUDDER PINTLE BUSH	1	5 YEARS	100%	0.7991	1	290	389	Y	290	389	290
LOWER											

<b>7. ANCHOR</b>											
ANCHOR	2	5 YEARS	0%	0.0000	0	6,600	7,500		0	0	0
ANCHOR SWIVELS	2	5 YEARS	5%	0.0027	1	1,650	1,950	Y	1,650	1,950	1,650
ANCHOR KENTER SHA	2	5 YEARS	5%	0.0027	1	395	750	Y	395	750	395
ANCHOR D SHACKLES	2	5 YEARS	5%	0.0027	1	215	1,555	Y	215	1,555	215

29,638	42,566	39,226
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### VARIOUS PUMPS

<b>1. STEER GEAR HYDR. P/P</b>											
PISTONS / VANES	16	5 YEARS	10%	1.4064	2	38	49	Y	76	98	76
SUCTION V/V	2	5 YEARS	10%	0.1758	1				0	0	0
OIL SEALS	2	5 YEARS	20%	0.3516	1	14	18	Y	14	18	14

<b>2. M/E L.O. PUMP</b>											
MECHANICAL OIL SEALS	2	5 YEARS	80%	1.4064	2	113	115	Y	226	230	226
BEARINGS	2	5 YEARS	100%	1.7580	2	21	32	Y	42	64	42

3. STERN TUBE L.O. P/P											
BEARINGS	4	5 YEARS	100%	3.5160	4	6	8	Y	24	32	24
4. JACKET COOL F.W. PUMP											
IMPELLER	2	5 YEARS	50%	0.8790	1	88	950		88	950	950
SHAFT	2	5 YEARS	50%	0.8790	1	240	1,250		240	1,250	1,250
MOUTH RINGS	4	5 YEARS	80%	2.8128	3	73	90	Y	219	270	219
SHAFT SLEEVES	2	5 YEARS	80%	1.4064	2	77	120	Y	154	240	154
5. CENTRAL COOL F.W. P/P											
IMPELLER	3	5 YEARS	50%	1.3185	2	86	920		172	1,840	1840
SHAFT	3	5 YEARS	50%	1.3185	2	220	1,160		440	2,320	2,320
MOUTH RINGS	6	5 YEARS	80%	4.2192	5	65	82	Y	325	410	325
SHAFT SLEEVES	3	5 YEARS	80%	2.1096	3	70	105	Y	210	315	210
6. EVAPOR. DISTILLED PUMP											
IMPELLER	1	5 YEARS	50%	0.4395	1	74	540		74	540	540
SHAFT	1	5 YEARS	50%	0.4395	1	163	1,018		163	1,018	1,018
MECHANICAL SEALS	1	5 YEARS	80%	0.7032	1	70	350	Y	70	350	70
7. CENTRIFICAL BOILER FEED PUMP											
IMPELLER	2	5 YEARS	50%	1.0000	1	85	850		85	850	850
SHAFT	2	5 YEARS	50%	1.0000	1	228	893		228	893	893
MOUTH RINGS	4	5 YEARS	80%	3.2000	4	30	103	Y	120	412	120
CASING RINGS	2	5 YEARS	80%	1.6000	2	24	67	Y	48	134	48
SHAFT SLEEVES	4	5 YEARS	80%	3.2000	4	63	313	Y	252	1,252	252

<b>8. MAIN S.W. COOL PUMP</b>											
IMPELLER	3	3 YEARS	40%	1.7580	2	91	1,025		182	2,050	2,050
SHAFT	3	3 YEARS	40%	1.7580	2	252	1,362		504	2,724	2,724
MECHANICAL SEAL	3	3 YEARS	80%	3.5160	4	105	950	Y	420	3,800	420
MOUTH RING	6	3 YEARS	80%	7.0320	8	81	349	Y	648	2,792	648
SHAFT SLEEVE	3	3 YEARS	80%	3.5160	4	92	428	Y	368	1,712	368
<b>9. GEN.SERVIS &amp; FIRE P/P</b>											
IMPELLER	2	5 YEARS	50%	0.2511	1	89	1,002		89	1,002	1,002
SHAFT	2	5 YEARS	50%	0.2511	1	240	1,170		240	1,170	1,170
MECHANICAL SEALS	2	5 YEARS	80%	0.4018	1	110	980	Y	110	980	110
MOUTH RINGS	4	5 YEARS	80%	0.8037	1	72	330	Y	72	330	72
CASING RINGS	2	5 YEARS	80%	0.4018	1	21	106	Y	21	106	21
SHAFT SLEEVES	2	5 YEARS	80%	0.4018	1	59	328	Y	59	328	59
<b>10. PISTON BILGE PUMP</b>											
PISTON	1	5 YEARS	50%	0.1256	1	498	850		498	850	850
LINER	1	5 YEARS	50%	0.1256	1	510	1,050		510	1,050	1,050
PISTON RINGS	2	5 YEARS	80%	0.4018	1	9	14		9	14	14
SUCTION VALVES	2	5 YEARS	80%	0.4018	1	225	248	Y	225	248	225
DELIVERY VALVES	2	5 YEARS	80%	0.4018	1	225	248	Y	225	248	225
BEARINGS	4	5 YEARS	80%	0.8037	1	14	16	Y	14	16	14

<b>11. EVAP. EJECTOR PUMP</b>											
IMPELLER	1	3 YEARS	35%	0.5127	1	172	199		172	199	199
SHAFT	1	3 YEARS	35%	0.5127	1	69	88		69	88	88
MECHANICAL SEALS	1	3 YEARS	75%	1.0987	2	58	280	Y	116	560	116
<b>12. M/E BOOSTER PUMP</b>											
GAER SET	4	5 YEARS	25%	0.8790	1	613	5,531		613	5,531	5,531
BEARINGS	8	5 YEARS	100%	7.0320	8	12	14	Y	96	112	96
<b>13. BOILER F.O. BURN PUMP</b>											
MECHANICAL SEALS	1	5 YEARS	100%	0.2055	1	15	45	Y	15	45	15
BEARINGS	1	5 YEARS	100%	0.2055	1	5	8	Y	5	8	5
<b>14. EMERG. FIRE PUMP</b>											
IMPELLER	1	5 YEARS	50%	0.5000	1	850	1,350		850	1,350	1,350
SHAFT	1	5 YEARS	50%	0.5000	1	610	712		610	712	712
MECHANICAL SEALS	1	5 YEARS	100%	1.0000	1	75	320	Y	75	320	75
MOUTH RINGS	2	5 YEARS	100%	2.0000	2	102	107	Y	204	214	204
SHAFT SLEEVES	1	5 YEARS	100%	1.0000	1	87	280	Y	87	280	87
<b>15. BALLAST PUMP</b>											
IMPELLER	2	5 YEARS	50%	0.1142	1	185	1,442		185	1,442	1,442
SHAFT	2	5 YEARS	50%	0.1142	1	161	1,125		161	1,125	1,125
MECHANICAL SEALS	2	5 YEARS	100%	0.2283	1	102	890	Y	102	890	102
MOUTH RINGS	4	5 YEARS	100%	0.4566	1	120	150	Y	120	150	120
SHAFT SLEEVES	2	5 YEARS	100%	0.2283	1	100	130	Y	100	130	100

BEARINGS	6	5 YEARS	100%	0.6849	1	18	29	Y	18	29	18
<b>16. HYDR. PUMP/MOTOR FOR DECK MACHINERY</b>											
HYDRAULIC P/P COMPL.	4	5 YEARS	0%	0.0000	0	10,200	16,200		0	0	0
HYDRAULIC MOTOR COMPL.	4	5 YEARS	0%	0.0000	0	9,756	15,321		0	0	0
PISTON / VANES	20	5 YEARS	5%	0.1598	1	42	55		42	55	55
MECHANICAL SEALS	4	5 YEARS	100%	0.6393	1	120	950	Y	120	950	120
BEARINGS	8	5 YEARS	100%	1.2785	2	235	410	Y	470	820	470
<b>17. DECK CRANES</b>											
HYDR. P/P FOR HOISTING	4	5 YEARS	0%	0.0000	0	6,250	9,722		0	0	0
DOUBLE GEAR P/P FOR LUFFING	4	5 YEARS	0%	0.0000	0	1,785	9,270		0	0	0
HYDR. P/P FOR SLEWING	4	5 YEARS	0%	0.0000	0	4,545	9,519		0	0	0
HYDR. MOTOR FOR HOISTING	4	5 YEARS	0%	0.0000	0	3,205	8,173		0	0	0
HYDR. MOTOR FOR SLEWING	4	5 YEARS	0%	0.0000	0	1,785	9,902		0	0	0
ROTARY GROUP	4	5 YEARS	0%	0.0000	0	1,818	5,375		0	0	0
TRIPLE GEAR P/P	4	5 YEARS	0%	0.0000	0	750	3,205		0	0	0
ROLLER BEARINGS	16	5 YEARS	0%	0.0000	0	911	984		0	0	0
CABLE	4	5 YEARS	10%	0.0822	1	2,271	2,300		2,271	2,300	2,300

13,965	50,216	36,793
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**NAVIGATION / COMM.  
EQUIPMENT**

**1. NAVIGATION - COMM.  
EQUIP.**

NAVIGATION LIGHT BUILBS	14	1 YEAR	5%	1.7500	2	18	20		36	40	40
ALDIS LAMP SPARE BUILBS	1	1 YEAR	0%	0.0000	0	35	40		0	0	0

**2. RADAR**

CARBON BRUSHES FOR SCANNER DRIVE MOTOR	2	1 YEAR	0%	0.0000	0	60	70		0	0	0
MAGNETRON TUBE FOR No1 RADAR	1	1 YEAR	40%	2.0000	2	450	1,700		900	3,400	3,400
MAGNETRON TUBE FOR No2 RADAR	1	1 YEAR	40%	2.0000	2	450	1,700		900	3,400	3,400
MODULATOR TUBE FOR No1 RADAR	1	1 YEAR	40%	2.0000	2	480	520		960	1,040	1,040
MODULATOR TUBE FOR No2 RADAR	1	1 YEAR	40%	2.0000	2	480	520	Y	960	1,040	960
MIYER DIODES	4	1 YEAR	20%	4.0000	4	4	5		16	20	20
FUSES	10	1 YEAR	100%	50.0000	50	4	5	Y	200	250	200
ILLUMINATION LAMPS	6	1 YEAR	20%	6.0000	6	2.5	3	Y	15	18	15

**3. GYROCOMPASS**

ILLUMINATION LAMPS FOR GYROREPEATERS	12	1 YEAR	0%	0.0000	0	9	10		0	0	0
VARIOUS FUSES	12	1 YEAR	100%	60.0000	60	4	5	Y	240	300	240
GYROSPHERE	1	2 YEARS	20%	1.0000	1	4,000	6,000		4,000	6,000	6,000



<b>4. GMDSS</b>											
FURUNO, RELAY 24V	6	1 YEAR	14%	4.2000	5	42	50	Y	210	250	210
FURUNO, BRIDGE RECTIFIER BATT. CHARGER	2	1 YEAR	0%	0.0000	0	160	180		0	0	0
ILLUMINATION LAMPS	6	1 YEAR	20%	6.0000	6	14	20	Y	84	120	84
<b>5. INMARSAT A / B</b>											
INMARSAT A / B , AZIMOUTH BELT FOR ANTENNA	1	1 YEAR	20%	1.0000	1	70	150	Y	70	150	70
INMARSAT A / B , ELEVATION BELT FOR ANTENNA	1	1 YEAR	20%	1.0000	1	70	150	Y	70	150	70
VARIOUS FUSES	10	1 YEAR	100%	50.0000	50	4	5	Y	200	250	200
<b>6. RADIO BATTERIES</b>											
BATTERIES	2	5 YEARS	25%	2.5000	3	500	1,600	Y	1,500	4,800	1,500
<b>7. E.P.I.R.B.</b>											
E.P.I.R.B.	1	5 YEARS	25%	1.2500	2	1,000	1,500	Y	2,000	3,000	2,000
<b>8. G.P.S.</b>											
G.P.S.	2	5 YEARS	25%	2.5000	3	1,000	1,500	Y	3,000	4,500	3,000
									15,361	28,728	22,449

(TableNo8, A Final Spreadsheet on parts for the Budgeting Effort)

## **CHAPTER No 7**

### **Discussion and Conclusions of Research Results**

In this project, we are trying to concentrate on a specific bulk-carrier so as to learn the general policy of the Shipping Company, where its Technical Department can calculate the total cost of the spare parts needed for a specified interval.

Therefore, an effort to estimate the total spare parts requirements, together with their associated costs has been carried out. To enable such an attempt, firstly we described the model used split out in the following areas:

- Description of the vessel under study.
- Description of its operational capabilities.
- Specification of overhauling intervals and estimation of spare parts required on each overhauling (experience gained).
- Description of the methodology that Technical Managers establish for spare parts ordering.

First of all, the way in which a ship is supplied with the necessary spare parts is the following under normal circumstances:

When the Chief Engineer considers which spare parts must be provided to the vessel, he prepares a Spare Parts Requisition on which each machinery is stated with all the details (type, code, number, etc.) and particularly the drawing number and the part number of the specific spare part.

When the order is usual, it is sent by email. In the Shipping Company, the Superintendent Engineer of the ship gets the order and together with the responsible Spares Department arranges the order of the specific spare parts.

The department at the same time is in contact with the Makers and other Suppliers, at least three, and waits for their offers with the corresponding times as well as the delivery time. (We can observe the Table Analysis of spares price quotation – *Figure No 10*)

In order to buy a spare part, we have to examine at first its quality in relation to its price and according to these elements we carry out the order.

When it is a common order, the spares department arranges to send the spare parts to the most convenient port as far as the transport cost and safety are concerned. However, when it is essential for the safe function of the ship the order is given to the supplier who can deliver the specific spare part directly, so the cost is completely different.

Another point of view that we found out in this project is the attempt of a study concerning the calculation of the Overhauling Intervals (mean time between overhauls) for Main Engine according to the makers' recommendations, for Diesel Generator according to the makers' recommendations and finally, for the remain Machinery Systems according to the manager's policy.

Therefore, having the clear model specification (vessel's trade characteristics), we proceeded with the estimation of overhauling intervals based on:

1. Makers guidelines (service letters and manuals)
2. Experience based on datasheets (as expressed on completed questionnaires filled up by Superintendent Engineers and Chief Engineers).

The process output, (expressed on a spreadsheet) enable us to proceed with the next step namely the calculation of pieces required in a five - year interval. Once again we facilitated the experience from the vessel's Technical Management, in order to determine the exact number of each essential spare part over the predetermined period.

Then we focused on the replacement percentage and the associated costs, where we provide summaries of results. In addition, having obtained the number of spare parts, then a process with price quotations was carried out in order to estimate costs. In principal the "cheapest" non – original supplier was selected, as well as the original (maker) supplier. All the quoted prices were plotted on a spreadsheet where

summing up of each individual component was performed to determine the financial extent on behalf of the Technical Managers.

Finally, having a clear picture of the lowest and highest cost, a risk assessment was performed to determine a unique “reliable” cost. Once again that was plotted on a spreadsheet and led us to the desired value.

Taking a quick look at the following table, as it results from the *Final Table No 8*, we can assume that:

SPARES	TOTAL MAKERS (\$)	RISK (\$)
<u>MAIN ENGINE</u>	151,165	126,968
<u>DIESEL GENERATORS</u>	111,232	73,396
<u>EMERGENCY DIESEL</u>	291	152
<u>VARIOUS MACHINERY</u>	42,566	39,226
<u>VARIOUS PUMPS</u>	50,216	36,793
<u>NAVIGATION / COMM.EQUIPMENT</u>	28,728	22,449
	<b>384,198</b>	<b>298,984</b>

(Table No9, A Profit from the Risk)

If we take the risk to choose the spare parts from the cheapest suppliers (non-original supplier), then we have a profit of 85,214\$ (384,198\$ – 298,984\$) in 5 years. Moreover, if we divide by “5” the total risk amount of 298,984\$, we will find 59,796.8\$ which depict how much money the Ship-owner will spend for each running year. We have to clarify that this risk depends on the purchase of spare parts from both makers (original) and the cheapest suppliers (non-original), whose choice is determined by the appropriate department of the Shipping Company.

The final decision concerning the fluctuation of the total cost-profit will be taken by the ship owner of our vessel. We simply introduce the best possible selection of spare parts from makers and the cheapest suppliers preserving the reliability of the function

of the spare parts according to the choice of the experts from the Technical Staff of the Shipping Company.

This paper refers to the practical part of a Technical Department, where practice takes the place of the theory. Therefore, this procedure completely relies on the experience rather than the theory. For this reason, we had difficulty in learning the function of the Technical Department, as this kind of knowledge is not found in books but it is related to the Technicians' experience.



(Photo No 5, Vessel M/V SEABOSS, Anchorage of Paradip 2007, Ref. [17])

## **CHAPTER No 8**

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**PROJECT PLANNING**

ЗАВЕЩАНИЕ ПЕРВА

# **PROJECT PLANNING**

## PROJECT PROPOSAL

### Project Title

A CASE STUDY ON THE SPARE PARTS REQUIREMENT FOR  
A 55,500 DWT GEARED BULK CARRIER

### Student

Lampros Valiazis

### Supervisor

V. Tselentis

## **1. Background**

This project contains information on how the technical department of a shipping company works out the correct choice of spare parts for vessel machinery and what the factors are that influence the demand and supply of the market based on our examined bulk-carrier. It analyses in detail all these factors providing the reader with the total methodology concerning the spare parts needed for a specified overhauling interval. For this reason, we study one bulk-carrier where we have specified the definitions, assumptions and limitations. Finally, we focus on the associated cost, mentioning the cheapest and most expensive prices for each item under survey.

## **2. Research Capability**

It refers to our understanding how the shipping company works, in order to carry out this particular study and have access to research papers and software programs of the shipping company, so as to have the skill to read and understand drawing papers and recognize the machinery code items.

## **3. Aims and Objectives of Project**

They are related to the procedure of obtaining the cheapest and most expensive prices for each item under survey, as well as understanding the replacement percentage for each machinery item, acquiring a final spreadsheet recommended to managers on 5-year total cost requirements on spare parts for their budgeting efforts.

#### **4. Methodology**

First of all, we clarify the definitions, assumptions and limitations for our examined vessel. Moreover, we make a survey by means of a questionnaire over a minimum of 7 active fleet managers and C/E, to determine for each part the replacement percentage at specified overhauling intervals. The average of estimation is used to calculate how many parts are required for maintenance purpose over 5 years. Finally, we make comparison between the cheapest suppliers' and makers' total sums, providing the managers with the total requirements on spare parts for their budgeting efforts.

#### **5. Work packages**

- Wp1: Literature Review
  - Undertake a literature search in the relevant subject areas.
  - Identify key texts, including books, conference papers
  - Prepare an overview of the present state of knowledge in the subject, including summary key texts and reference lists with bibliographic details.
  - Deliverable: Literature review document.
  
- Wp2 : Information gathering
  - Find information on the shipping company and obtain as many different spare items as we need to determine the cost/prices.
  
- Wp3 : Financial Information
  - Find particular financial information on running costs, the spare price quotations due to suppliers (makers & cheapest suppliers), and the calculation of the replacement percentage at every overhaul concerning total pieces needed for a 5-year interval.
  
- Wp4 : Interviews-Questioning List
  - use a questionnaire to fill out the questioning list and obtain the information.
  - Talk about the risk and the total price of each machinery area, including the total cost requirements on spare parts for their budgeting efforts.

- Wp5 : Write up a report
  - Establish the format of a report document and set up templates on the word processor
  - Review all notes, test results, analysis and tentative conclusions of the project work.
  - Formally write up the majority of the project work.
  - Finalize conclusions and write Introduction and Conclusion.
  - Print off the report, collate with appendixes and arrange to bind the report.
  - Prepare the presentation of other items for submission (such as software programs CRT3.3, UNIX® SYSTEM)
  - Deliverable: a bound report (three copies) together with the accompanying material.

## 6. Schedule of Work

	May		Jun.		Jul.		Aug.		Sept.		Oct.	
Wp1	X	X	X									
Wp2			X	X	X	X						
Wp3							X	X				
Wp4									X	X		
Wp5						X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Meetings	x			x							x	

X → Principal Activity

X → Background Activity

x → Planned Meeting

## 7. Deliverables

- Wp1: will be finished in total by mid May
- Wp2: will be finished in total by end of June
- Wp3: will be finished in total by end of July
- Wp4: will be finished in total by end of September
- Wp5: will be finished in total by end of October

## **8. Beneficiaries and Dissemination Strategy**

We realize that the people who could mostly benefit from this project are managers and ship-owners due to the fact that they can be informed about the running expenses of a vessel (bulk-carrier) during five years.

In addition, the managers could manage the technical department of the shipping company more sufficiently because they would have a clearer picture of their budgeting efforts.

## **9. Resource Requirements**

Give in detail the resources that are required for the project. This should include the following:

- An estimate of the time commitment of the researchers (student and supervisor separately) which is approximately 400 hours.
- Necessary access to other members of the staff and their time commitment (information officers, technicians, and other academics) are not required.
- The use of any facilities necessary (towing tank, cavitation tunnel, high performance computer, etc.) is not required.
- The construction of any test equipment or models and likely cost are not required.
- Information or data that has to be obtained from outside sources and likely cost. Obtained confidential data and research papers kindly provided by the shipping company for free.
- The service that has to be carried out and likely cost are not required.

РАМЕТЪМО РЕПАА